

CELLULAR/PCS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

by and between

UNITED STATES CELLULAR CORPORATION

And

WISCONSIN BELL, INC. D/B/A SBC WISCONSIN

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WIRELESS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

This Interconnection Agreement under Sections 251 and 252 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 for Commercial Mobile Radio Services (the "Agreement") is by and between the following: Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Oklahoma, (only to the extent that the agent for the ILEC executes this Agreement for such ILEC and only to the extent that such ILEC provides Telephone Exchange Services as an ILEC in the state(s) listed below) and United States Cellular Corporation's subsidiaries or affiliates identified on Attachment 1 (which may be sometimes referred to herein as "U.S. Cellular" "WSP", or "Carrier"), a Wireless Service Provider, shall apply to the state of Wisconsin.

WHEREAS, WSP holds authority from the Federal Communications Commission to operate as a Cellular and broadband PCS licensee to provide Authorized Services in the State(s), and intends to provide commercial mobile radio services employing such licensed frequency (ies); and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to enter into an agreement for the interconnection of their respective networks within the portions of the State in which both Parties are authorized to operate and deliver traffic for the provision of telecommunications services pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and other applicable federal, state and local laws;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

This Agreement is composed of General Terms and Conditions, which are set forth below, together with certain Appendices, Schedules, Exhibits and Addenda which immediately follow this Agreement, all of which are hereby incorporated in this Agreement by this reference and constitute a part of this Agreement.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1.0 DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 Capitalized Terms used in this Agreement shall have the respective meanings specified below in, Section 1.x of each Appendix attached hereto, and/or as defined elsewhere in this Agreement.
- 1.2 **“Access Tandem”** means a local exchange carrier switching system that provides a concentration and distribution function for originating and/or terminating traffic between a LEC end office network and IXC POP's.
- 1.3 **“Act”** means the Communications Act of 1934 [47 U.S.C. 153(R)], as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Public Law 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996) codified throughout 47 U.S.C.
- 1.4 **“Affiliate”** is as defined in the Act.
- 1.5 **“Ancillary Services”** means optional supplementary services such as directory assistance, N11, operator services, Service Access Codes (600, 700, 800 and 900 services, but not including 500 services), and Switched Access Services. Enhanced 911 (“E911”) is not an Ancillary Service.
- 1.6 **“Ancillary Services Connection”** means a one-way, mobile-to-land Type 1 interface used solely for delivery of Ancillary Services traffic.
- 1.7 **“Answer Supervision”** means an off-hook supervisory signal sent by the receiving Party's Central Office Switch to the sending Party's Central Office Switch on all Completed Calls after address signaling has been completed.
- 1.8 **“Applicable Law”** means all laws, statutes, common law, regulations, ordinances, codes, rules, guidelines, orders, permits, tariffs and approvals, including without limitation those relating to the environment or health and safety, of any Governmental Authority that apply to the Parties or the subject matter of this Agreement.
- 1.9 **“ASR”** (“Access Service Request”) is an industry standard form used by the Parties to add, establish, change or disconnect trunks for the purposes of Interconnection.
- 1.10 **“Accessible Letters”** are correspondence used to communicate pertinent information regarding **SBC-13STATE** to the client/End User community.
- 1.11 **“Authorized Services”** means those cellular and broadband Personal Communications Services (PCS), services which WSP may lawfully provide pursuant to Applicable Law, including the Act, and that are considered to be CMRS.
- 1.12 **“Business Day”** means Monday through Friday, excluding holidays on which **SBC-13STATE** does not provision new retail services and products in the State.
- 1.13 **“CCS”** (“Common Channel Signaling”) means an out-of-band, packet-switched, signaling network used to transport supervision signals, control signals, and data messages. It is a special network, fully separate from the transmission path of the public switched network. Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the CCS protocol used by the Parties shall be SS7.
- 1.14 **“Cell Site”** means a transmitter/receiver location, operated by a WSP, through which radio links are established between a wireless system and mobile units.

- 1.15 **“Central Office Switch”** means a switch, including, but not limited to an End Office Switch and a Tandem Switch.
- 1.16 **“CLLI”** (“Common Language Location Identifier”) codes provide a unique 11-character representation of a network interconnection point. The first 8 characters identify the city, state and building location, while the last 3 characters identify the network component.
- 1.17 **“Claim(s)”** means any pending or threatened claim, action, proceeding or suit.
- 1.18 **“CLASS Features”** (“Custom Local Area Signaling Service Features”) means certain Common Channel Signaling based features available to End Users, including: Automatic Call Back; Call Trace; Distinctive Ringing/Call Waiting; Selective Call Forward; and Selective Call Rejection.
- 1.19 **“CMRS”** (“Commercial Mobile Radio Service”) is as described in the Act and FCC rules.
- 1.20 **“Commission”** means the applicable State agency with regulatory authority over Telecommunications. Unless the context otherwise requires, use of the term “Commissions” means all of the thirteen agencies listed in this Section. The following is a list of the appropriate State agencies:
- 1.20.1 **“AR-PSC”** means the “Arkansas Public Service Commission”;
 - 1.20.2 **“CA-PUC”** means the “Public Utilities Commission of the State of California”;
 - 1.20.3 **“DPUC”** means the “Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control”;
 - 1.20.4 **“IL-CC”** means the “Illinois Commerce Commission”;
 - 1.20.5 **“IN-URC”** means the “Indiana Utilities Regulatory Commission”;
 - 1.20.6 **“KS-CC”** means the “Kansas Corporation Commission”;
 - 1.20.7 **“MI-PSC”** means the “Michigan Public Service Commission”;
 - 1.20.8 **“MO-PSC”** means the “Missouri Public Service Commission”;
 - 1.20.9 **“NV-PUC”** means the “Public Utilities Commission of Nevada”;
 - 1.20.10 **“PUC-OH”** means the “Public Utilities Commission of Ohio”;
 - 1.20.11 **“OK-CC”** means the “Oklahoma Corporation Commission”;
 - 1.20.12 **“PUC-TX”** means the “Public Utility Commission of Texas”; and
 - 1.20.13 **“PSC-WI”** means the “Public Service Commission of Wisconsin.”
- 1.21 **“Completed Call”** means a call that is delivered by one Party to the other Party and for which a connection is established after Answer Supervision.
- 1.22 **“Consequential Damages”** means Losses claimed to have resulted from any indirect, incidental, reliance, special, consequential, punitive, exemplary, multiple or any other Loss, including damages claimed to have resulted from harm to business, loss of anticipated revenues, savings, or profits, or other economic Loss claimed to have been suffered not measured by the prevailing Party's actual damages, and regardless of whether the Parties knew or had been advised of the possibility that such damages could result in connection with or arising from anything said, omitted, or done hereunder or related hereto, including willful acts or omissions.
- 1.23 **“Conversation MOU”** means the minutes of use that both Parties' equipment is used for a Completed Call, measured from the receipt of Answer Supervision to the receipt of Disconnect Supervision.
- 1.24 **“CPN”** (“Calling Party Number”) means a Signaling System 7 “SS7” parameter whereby the ten (10) digit number of the calling Party is forwarded from the End Office.
- 1.25 **“Day”** means calendar day unless “Business Day” is specified.
- 1.26 **“DEOT”** means Direct End Office Trunk.

- 1.27 **“Digital Signal Level”** is one of several transmission rates in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.27.1 **“DS-0”** (“Digital Signal Level 0”) is the 64 Kbps zero-level signal in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.27.2 **“DS-1”** (“Digital Signal Level 1”) is the 1.544 Mbps first-level signal in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.28 **“Disconnect Supervision”** means an on-hook supervisory signal sent at the end of a Completed Call.
- 1.29 **“End Office Switch”** is a SBC-13STATE Central Office Switch that directly terminates traffic to and receives traffic from End Users of local Exchange Services.
- 1.30 **“End User”** means a Third Party residence or business subscriber to Telecommunications Services provided by any of the Parties at retail. As used herein, the term “End Users” does not include any of the Parties to this Agreement with respect to any item or service obtained under this Agreement.
- 1.31 **“Equal Access Trunk Group”** means a trunk used solely to deliver Carrier’s End Users’ traffic through an SBC access tandem to or from an IXC, using Feature Group D protocols.
- 1.32 **“Exchange Service”** means Telephone Exchange Service as defined in the Act.
- 1.33 **“Facility”** means the wire, line, or cable used to transport traffic between the Parties' respective networks.
- 1.34 **“FCC”** means the Federal Communications Commission.
- 1.35 **“Governmental Authority”** means any federal, state, local, foreign or international court, government, department, commission, board, bureau, agency, official, or other regulatory, administrative, legislative, or judicial authority with jurisdiction over the subject matter at issue.
- 1.36 **“ILEC”** means Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier.
- 1.37 **“Intellectual Property”** means copyrights, patents, trademarks, trade secrets, mask works and all other intellectual property rights.
- 1.38 **“Interconnection”** means interconnection as required by the Act.
- 1.39 **“InterLATA”** is as defined in the Act.
- 1.40 **“InterMTA Traffic”** means traffic to or from WSP’s network that originates in one MTA and terminates in another MTA (as determined by the geographic location of the cell site to which the mobile End User is connected).
- 1.41 **“ISP”** (“Internet Service Provider”) shall be given the same meaning as used in the FCC Order on Remand and Report and Order; *In the Matter of Implementation of the Local Competition Provisions in the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, Intercarrier Compensation for ISP-Bound Traffic*; CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68; FCC Order No. 01-131, released April 27, 2001.
- 1.42 **“IXC”** (“Interexchange Carrier”) means, a carrier (other than a CMRS provider or a LEC) that provides, directly or indirectly, interLATA and/or intraLATA Telephone Toll Services.
- 1.43 **“LATA”** means Local Access and Transport Area as described in the Act.
- 1.44 **“LEC”** means “Local Exchange Carrier” as defined in the Act.

- 1.45 “**LERG**” (“Local Exchange Routing Guide”) means a Telcordia Reference Document used by Telecommunications Carriers to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information as well as network element and equipment designations.
- 1.46 “**LNP**” (“Local Number Portability”) means the ability of End Users of Telecommunications Services to change Telecommunications Service providers while retaining their existing telephone numbers within the same Rate Center.
- 1.47 “**Local Calls**” are Authorized Services Completed Calls that originate on either Party’s network, that terminate on the other Party’s network, that are exchanged directly between the Parties and that, at the beginning of the call, originate and terminate within the same MTA. “Local Calls” does not refer to the local calling area of either Party. A call that is originated or terminated by a UNE-P provider is not a call that originates or terminates on either Party’s network. In order to measure whether traffic comes within the definition of Local Calls, the Parties agree that the origination and termination point of the calls are as follows:
- (a) For **SBC-13STATE**, the origination or termination point of a call shall be the End Office Switch that serves, respectively, the calling or called party at the beginning of the call.
 - (b) For WSP, the origination or termination point of a call shall be the Cell Site that serves, respectively, the calling or called party at the beginning of the call.
- 1.48 “**Loss**” or “**Losses**” means any and all losses, costs (including court costs), claims, damages (including fines, penalties, and criminal or civil judgments and settlements), injuries, liabilities and expenses (including attorneys’ fees).
- 1.49 “**LRN**” (“Location Routing Number”) is a ten (10) digit number that is assigned to the network switching elements (Central Office – Host and Remotes as required) for the routing of calls in the network. The first six (6) digits of the LRN will be one of the assigned NPA NXX of the switching element. The purpose and functionality of the last four (4) digits of the LRN have not yet been defined but are passed across the network to the terminating switch.
- 1.50 “**MSC**” (“Mobile Switching Center”) is used by WSP in performing, inter alia, originating and terminating functions for calls to or from WSP’s End Users.
- 1.51 “**MTA**” (“Major Trading Area”) is as defined in 47 C.F.R. § 24.202(a).
- 1.52 “**NANP**” (“North American Numbering Plan”) is a numbering architecture in which every station in the NANP Area is identified by a unique ten-digit address consisting of a three-digit NPA code, a three digit central office code of the form NXX, and a four-digit line number of the form XXXX.
- 1.53 “**NPA**” (“Numbering Plan Area”) also called area code. An NPA is the 3-digit code that occupies the A, B, C positions in the 10-digit NANP format that applies throughout the NANP Area. NPAs are of the form NXX, where N represents the digits 2-9 and X represents any digit 0-9. In the NANP, NPAs are classified as either geographic or non-geographic. a) Geographic NPAs are NPAs which correspond to discrete geographic areas within the NANP Area. b) Non-geographic NPAs are NPAs that do not correspond to discrete geographic areas, but which are instead assigned for services with attributes, functionalities, or requirements that transcend specific geographic boundaries. The common examples are NPAs in the N00 format, e.g., 800.
- 1.54 “**NXX**” means the three-digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the “D”, “E”, and “F” digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX contains 10,000 station numbers.
- 1.55 “**OBF**” (“Ordering and Billing Forum”) is a forum comprised of LECs and IXC’s whose responsibility is to create and document Telecommunication industry guidelines and standards.

- 1.56 “**OLI**” (“Originating Line Information”) is an SS7 Feature Group D signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the billing number of the calling Party.
- 1.57 “**Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic**” means InterLATA traffic delivered directly from **SBC-13STATE’s** originating network to WSP’s network that, at the beginning of the call: (a) originates on **SBC-13STATE’s** network in one MTA; and, (b) is delivered to the mobile unit of WSP’s End User or the mobile unit of a third party connected to a Cell Site located in another MTA. **SBC-13STATE** shall charge and WSP shall pay **SBC-13STATE** the Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic rates in Appendix Pricing – Wireless.
- 1.58 “**Paging Traffic**” is traffic to WSP’s network that results in the sending of a paging message over a paging or narrowband PCS frequency licensed to WSP or traffic to **SBC-13STATE’s** network that results in the sending of a paging message over a paging or narrowband PCS frequency licensed to **SBC-13STATE**.
- 1.59 “**Party**” means either **SBC-13STATE** authorized to provide Telecommunications Service in the State or WSP. “Parties” means both such **SBC-13STATE** and WSP.
- 1.60 “**Person**” means an individual or a partnership, an association, a joint venture, a corporation, a business or a trust or other entity organized under Applicable law, an unincorporated organization or any Governmental Authority.
- 1.61 “**PNP**” (“Permanent Number Portability”) is a long term method of providing LNP using LRN consistent with the Act and the rules, regulations, orders and rulings of the FCC and the Commission.
- 1.62 “**POI**” (“Point of Interconnection”) means the physical location at which the Parties’ networks meet for the purpose of establishing Interconnection. POIs include a number of different technologies and technical interfaces based on the Parties mutual agreement. The POI establishes the technical interface, the test point(s) and the point(s) for operational and financial division of responsibility.
- 1.63 “**Rate Center**” means the specific geographic point and corresponding geographic area defined by the State Commission and local community for the purpose of rating inter- and intra-LATA toll calls.
- 1.64 “**Rating Point**” means the vertical and horizontal (“V&H”) coordinates assigned to a Rate Center and associated with a particular telephone number for rating purposes. The Rating Point must be in the same LATA as the Routing Point of the associated NPA-NXX as designated in the LERG, but need not be in the same location as that Routing Point.
- 1.65 “**Routing Point**” designated as the destination for traffic inbound to services provided by that Telecommunications WSP that bear a certain NPA-NXX designation. The Routing Point need not be the same as the Rating Point, but it must be in the same LATA as the Rating Point. Central Office Switches are Routing Points for traffic to end users identified by numbers drawn from NPA-NXX designations, as stated in the LERG. Where WSP has not established Routing Points for its Dedicated NPA-NXXs in its own network, the Routing Point shall be the **SBC-13STATE** Tandem Switch where traffic to **SBC-13STATE** NXXs in the same NPA is homed.
- 1.66 “**SBC**” (“SBC Communications Inc.”) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company, Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California , The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.

- 1.67 “**SBC-2STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-2STATE** means **SBC CALIFORNIA** and **SBC NEVADA**, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
- 1.68 “**SBC-4STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-4STATE** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, and SBC Oklahoma the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma.
- 1.69 “**SBC-7STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-7STATE** means **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC CALIFORNIA** and **SBC NEVADA**, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.70 “**SBC-8STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-8STATE** means **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC CALIFORNIA**, **SBC NEVADA**, and **SBC CONNECTICUT** the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.71 “**SBC-10STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-10STATE** means **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE** and **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** an the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.72 “**SBC-12STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-12STATE** means **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** and **SBC-2STATE** the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.73 “**SBC-13STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC-13STATE** means **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC-2STATE** and **SBC CONNECTICUT** the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.74 “**SBC ARKANSAS**” - As used herein, **SBC ARKANSAS** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Arkansas.
- 1.75 “**SBC CALIFORNIA**” – As used herein, **SBC CALIFORNIA** means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.76 “**SBC CONNECTICUT**” - As used herein, **SBC CONNECTICUT** means The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.77 “**SBC ILLINOIS**” - As used herein, **SBC ILLINOIS** means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Illinois.
- 1.78 “**SBC INDIANA**” - As used herein, **SBC INDIANA** means Indiana Bell Telephone Company, Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Indiana.
- 1.79 “**SBC KANSAS**” - As used herein, **SBC KANSAS** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Kansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Kansas.
- 1.80 “**SBC MICHIGAN**” - As used herein, **SBC MICHIGAN** means Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, the applicable SBC-owned doing business in Michigan.
- 1.81 “**SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company, Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.

- 1.82 “**SBC MISSOURI**” - As used herein, **SBC MISSOURI** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Missouri, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Missouri.
- 1.83 “**SBC NEVADA**” – As used herein, **SBC NEVADA** means Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.84 “**SBC OHIO**” - As used herein, **SBC OHIO** means The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Ohio.
- 1.85 “**SBC OKLAHOMA**” - As used herein, **SBC OKLAHOMA** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Oklahoma, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Oklahoma.
- 1.86 “**SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**” - As used herein, **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.87 “**SBC TEXAS**” – As used herein, **SBC TEXAS** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Texas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 1.88 “**SBC WISCONSIN**” - As used herein, **SBC WISCONSIN** means Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Wisconsin.
- 1.89 “**Shared Facility Factor**” means the factor used to appropriately allocate cost of 2-way DS1 Interconnection Facilities based on proportionate use of facility between **SBC-13STATE** and the WSP.
- 1.90 “**SMR**” (“Specialized Mobile Radio”) is as described by the FCC rules.
- 1.91 “**SPNP**” (“Service Provider Number Portability”) is synonymous with Permanent Number Portability “PNP”.
- 1.92 “**SS7**” (“Signaling System 7”) means a signaling protocol used by the CCS Network.
- 1.93 “**State Abbreviation**” means the following:
- 1.93.1 “**AR**” means Arkansas
 - 1.93.2 “**CA**” means California
 - 1.93.3 “**CT**” means Connecticut
 - 1.93.4 “**IL**” means Illinois
 - 1.93.5 “**IN**” means Indiana
 - 1.93.6 “**KS**” means Kansas
 - 1.93.7 “**MI**” means Michigan
 - 1.93.8 “**MO**” means Missouri
 - 1.93.9 “**NV**” means Nevada
 - 1.93.10 “**OH**” means Ohio
 - 1.93.11 “**OK**” means Oklahoma
 - 1.93.12 “**TX**” means Texas
 - 1.93.13 “**WI**” means Wisconsin
- 1.94 “**Switched Access Services**” means an offering of access to **SBC-13STATE**'s network for the purpose of the origination or the termination of traffic from or to End Users in a given area pursuant to a Switched Access Services tariff.

- 1.95 **“Tandem Switch”** or **“Tandem(s)”** are SBC-13STATE switches used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among other Central Office Switches. A Tandem Switch does not include a PBX .
- 1.96 **“Telcordia”** means Telcordia Technologies, Inc.
- 1.97 **“Telecommunications Carrier”** is as defined in the Act.
- 1.98 **“Telecommunications Service”** is as defined in the Act.
- 1.99 **“Telephone Toll Service”** is as defined in the Act.
- 1.100 **“Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic”** means traffic that, at the beginning of the call: (a) originates on WSP’s network and terminates in the same LATA; (b) is sent from the mobile unit of WSP’s End User connected to WSP’s Cell Site located in one MTA; and, (c) is terminated on SBC-13STATE’s network in another MTA. For such InterMTA IntraLATA Traffic, SBC-13STATE shall charge and WSP shall pay SBC-13STATE the Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic rates in Appendix Pricing - Wireless.
- 1.101 **“Terminating Switched Access Traffic”** means traffic that, at the beginning of the call: (a) originates on WSP’s network; (b) is sent from the mobile unit of WSP’s End User or the mobile unit of a third party connected to a Cell Site located in one MTA and one LATA; and, (c) terminates on SBC-13STATE’s network in another MTA and another LATA (*i.e.*, the traffic is both InterMTA and InterLATA). This traffic must be terminated to SBC-13STATE as FGD terminating switched access per SBC-13STATE’s Federal and/or State Access Service tariff.
- 1.102 **“Third Party”** means any Person other than a Party.
- 1.103 **“Third Party Traffic”** means traffic carried by SBC13-STATE acting as an intermediary that is originated and terminated by and between WSP and a Third Party Telecommunications Carrier.
- 1.104 **“Toll Free Service”** means service provided with a dialing sequence that invokes toll-free (*i.e.*, 800-like) service processing. Toll Free Service includes calls to the Toll Free Service 8YY NPA SAC Codes.
- 1.105 **“Transit Traffic”** means traffic handled by a Telecommunications Carrier when providing Transiting Service.
- 1.106 **“Transiting Service”** means switching and intermediate transport of traffic between two Telecommunications Carriers, one of which is a Party to this Agreement and one of which is not, carried by the other Party to this Agreement that neither originates nor terminates that traffic on its network while acting as an intermediary.
- 1.107 **“Trunk(s)”** or **“Trunk Group(s)”** means the switch port interface(s) used and the communications path created to connect WSP’s network with SBC-13STATE’s network for the purpose of exchanging Authorized Services Local Calls for purposes of Interconnection.
- 1.108 **“Trunk Side”** refers to a Central Office Switch interface that offers those transmission and signaling features appropriate for the connection of switching entities and cannot be used for the direct connection of ordinary telephone station sets.
- 1.109 **“Wire Center”** denotes a building or space within a building that serves as an aggregation point on a given Telecommunication Carrier’s network, where transmission Facilities are connected and traffic is switched. SBC-13STATE’s Wire Center can also denote a building in which one or more Central Office Switches, used for the provision of Exchange Services and Switched Access Services, are located.
- 1.110 **“WSP”** (“Wireless Service Provider”) means the CMRS provider, that is a Party to this Agreement.

2.0 INTERPRETATION, CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

2.1 Definitions

2.1.1 For purposes of this Agreement, certain terms have been defined in this Agreement to encompass meanings that may differ from, or be in addition to, the normal connotation of the defined word. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, any term defined or used in the singular will include the plural. Whenever the context may require, any pronoun shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine and neuter forms. The words "include," "includes" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase "without limitation" and/or "but not limited to." The words "will" and "shall" are used interchangeably throughout this Agreement and the use of either connotes a mandatory requirement; the use of one or the other will not mean a different degree of right or obligation for either Party. A defined word intended to convey its special meaning is capitalized when used. Other terms that are capitalized and not defined in this Agreement will have the meaning in the Act, or in the absence of their inclusion in the Act, their customary usage in the Telecommunications industry as of the Effective Date.

2.2 Headings Not Controlling

2.2.1 The headings and numbering of Sections, Parts, Appendices, Schedules and Exhibits to this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be construed to define or limit any of the terms herein or affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

This Agreement incorporates a number of Appendices which, together with their associated Attachments, Exhibits, Schedules and Addenda, constitute the entire Agreement between the Parties. In order to facilitate use and comprehension of the Agreement, the Appendices have been grouped under broad headings. It is understood that these groupings are for convenience of reference only, and are not intended to limit the applicability that any particular Appendix, Attachment, Exhibit, Schedule or Addenda may otherwise have.

2.3 Referenced Documents

2.3.1 Unless the context shall otherwise specifically require, and subject to Section 15, "Intervening Law," whenever any provision of this Agreement refers to a technical reference, technical publication, WSP Practice, **SBC-13STATE** Practice, any publication of Telecommunications industry administrative or technical standards, or any other document specifically incorporated into this Agreement (each hereinafter referred to as a "Referenced Instrument"), it will be deemed to be a reference to the then-current version or edition (including any amendments, supplements, addenda, or successors) of each Referenced Instrument that is in effect at time of use, and will include the then-current version or edition (including any amendments, supplements, addenda, or successors) of any other Referenced Instrument incorporated by reference therein.

2.4 References

2.4.1 References herein to Sections, Paragraphs, Exhibits, Parts, Schedules, and Appendices shall be deemed to be references to Sections, Paragraphs and Parts of, and Exhibits, Schedules and Appendices to, this Agreement unless the context shall otherwise require.

2.5 Tariff References

2.5.1 Wherever any Commission ordered tariff provision or rate is cited or quoted herein, it is understood that said cite encompasses any revisions or modifications to said tariff.

Wherever any Commission ordered tariff provision or rate is incorporated, cited or quoted herein, it is understood that said incorporation or reference applies only to the entity within the State whose Commission ordered that tariff.

2.6 Conflict in Provisions

2.6.1 If any definitions, terms or conditions in any given Appendices, Attachments, Exhibits, Schedules or Addenda differ from those contained in the main body of this Agreement, those definitions, terms or conditions will supersede those contained in the main body of this Agreement, but only in regard to the services or activities listed in that particular Appendix, Attachment, Exhibit, Schedule or Addendum. For example, if an Appendix contains a Term length that differs from the Term length in the main body of this Agreement, the Term length of that Appendix will control the length of time that services or activities are to occur under that Appendix, but will not affect the Term length of the remainder of this Agreement.

2.7 Joint Work Product

2.7.1 This Agreement is the joint work product of the Parties and has been negotiated by the Parties and their respective counsel and shall be fairly interpreted in accordance with its terms and, in the event of any ambiguities, no inferences shall be drawn against either Party.

2.8 Severability

2.8.1 If any provision of this Agreement is rejected or held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable during the Commission's approval process pursuant to the Act, each Party agrees that such provision shall be enforced to the maximum extent permissible so as to effect the intent of the Parties, and the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby. If necessary to effect the intent of the Parties, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to amend this Agreement to replace the unenforceable language with enforceable language that reflects such intent as closely as possible. The Parties negotiated the terms and conditions of this Agreement for Interconnection and services as a total arrangement and it is intended to be nonseverable.

2.9 Incorporation by Reference

2.9.1 The General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement, and the Interconnection and services provided hereunder, shall be subject to all of the legitimately related rates, terms and conditions contained in the Appendices to this Agreement, which are incorporated herein by reference and deemed a part hereof for purposes of such Interconnection and services. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following provisions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each Interconnection, Network Element, function, facility, product or service provided hereunder: definitions; interpretation, construction and severability; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; billing and payment of charges; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnity; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks and service marks; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in end user local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement and civil process; relationship of the parties/independent contractor; no third party beneficiaries, disclaimer of agency; assignment; subcontracting; environmental contamination; force majeure;

taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; End User inquiries; expenses; conflict of interest; survival of obligations, scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

2.10 Non-Voluntary Provisions

2.10.1 There are no provisions resulting from determinations made in arbitrations under Section 252 of the Act or from other requirements of regulatory agencies or State law in this Agreement.

2.11 State-Specific Rates, Terms and Conditions

2.11.1 For ease of administration, this Agreement contains certain specified rates, terms and conditions which apply only in a designated State ("State-Specific Terms"). To the extent that this Agreement contains State-Specific Terms, such State-Specific Terms shall not apply and shall have no effect in any other State(s) to which this Agreement is submitted for approval under Section 252(e) of the Act.

2.11.2 State-Specific Terms, as the phrase is described in Section 2.11.1 above, have been negotiated (or, in the case of 2.10.1 above, have been included in the Agreement per state requirement) by the Parties only as to the States where this Agreement has been executed, filed and approved. When the Parties negotiate an Interconnection agreement for an additional state, neither Party shall be precluded by any language in this Agreement from negotiating State-Specific Terms for the state in which they are to apply.

2.12 Scope of Application

2.12.1 This Agreement may be negotiated for more than one State. However, this Agreement shall be applied separately and distinctly to the Parties' operations in each individual State.

2.13 Scope of Obligations

2.13.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, **SBC-13STATE**'s obligations under this Agreement shall apply only to:

2.13.1.1 the specific operating area(s) or portion thereof in which **SBC-13STATE** is then deemed to be the ILEC under the Act (the "ILEC Territory"), and assets that **SBC-13STATE** owns or leases and which are used in connection with **SBC-13STATE**'s provision to WSP of any Interconnection products or services provided or contemplated under this Agreement, the Act or any tariff or ancillary agreement referenced herein (individually and collectively, the "ILEC Assets").

2.14 Affiliates

2.14.1 These General Terms and Conditions and all Attachments, Exhibits, Appendices, Schedules and Addenda hereto constituting this Agreement, including subsequent amendments, if any, shall bind **SBC-13STATE**, WSP and any Affiliate of WSP. WSP further agrees that the same or substantially the same terms and conditions shall be incorporated into any separate agreement between **SBC-13STATE** and any such Affiliate of WSP that continues to operate as a separate entity. This Agreement shall remain effective as to WSP and any such Affiliate of WSP for the Term of this Agreement until either **SBC-13STATE** or WSP or any such Affiliate of WSP institutes renegotiation, or this Agreement expires or terminates, pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement will not supercede a currently effective Interconnection agreement between any such Affiliate of WSP and **SBC-13STATE** until

the earlier of the date when the other agreement has: 1) expired; 2) been noticed for renegotiation pursuant the terms thereof; or 3) otherwise terminated provided; however, each Affiliate of WSP operating under a separate Interconnection agreement within a State shall have its own unique ACNA codes and OCN.

3.0 GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 3.1 Each Party is individually responsible to provide Facilities within its network that are necessary for routing, transporting, measuring, and billing traffic from the other Party's network and for delivering such traffic to the other Party's network in the standard format compatible with **SBC-13STATE**'s network as referenced in Telcordia BOC Notes on LEC Networks Practice No. SR-TSV-002275, and to terminate the traffic it receives in that standard format to the proper address on its network. The Parties are each solely responsible for participation in and compliance with national network plans, including the National Network Security Plan and the Emergency Preparedness Plan.
- 3.2 The Parties shall exchange technical descriptions and forecasts of their Interconnection and traffic requirements in sufficient detail necessary to establish the Interconnections required to assure traffic completion to and from all End Users in their respective designated service areas.
- 3.3 Each Party is solely responsible for all products and services it provides to its End Users and to other Telecommunications Carriers.
- 3.4 Insurance
 - 3.4.1 This Section 3.4 is a general statement of insurance requirements and shall be in addition to any specific requirement of insurance referenced elsewhere in this Agreement or a Referenced Instrument. The other Party must be named as an Additional Insured on the Commercial General Liability policy. Each Party shall require its subcontractors providing services under this Agreement to maintain in force the insurance coverage and limits required under Section 3.4. The Parties agree that companies affording the insurance coverage required under Section 3.4 shall have a rating of B+ or better and a Financial Size Category rating of VII or better, as rated in the A.M. Best Key Rating Guide for Property and Casualty Insurance Companies. Upon request from the other Party, each Party shall provide to the other Party evidence of such insurance coverage. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with at least thirty (30) Days advance written notice of cancellation, material reduction or non-renewal of any of the insurance policies required herein.
 - 3.4.2 If WSP does not collocate with **SBC-13STATE** during the Term, the following insurance requirements will apply:
 - 3.4.2.1 Each Party shall keep and maintain in force at each Party's expense all insurance required by Applicable Law, including: Commercial General liability insurance with minimum limits of: \$2,000,000 General Aggregate limit;; \$1,000,000 each occurrence sub-limit for Personal Injury and Advertising; \$2,000,000 Products/Completed Operations Aggregate limit, with a \$1,000,000 each occurrence sub-limit for Products/Completed Operations.
 - 3.4.3 WSP agrees it will not collocate unless it amends this Agreement. WSP understands and agrees that any amendment allowing collocation will include additional insurance requirements that may be offered other cellular/PCS providers in the State by **SBC-13STATE**(s) at the time of the amendment.

- 3.4.4 Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with at least thirty (30) Days advance written notice of cancellation, material reduction or non-renewal of any of the insurance policies required herein.
- 3.4.5 WSP represents that a complete list of WSP's Access Carrier Name Abbreviation (ACNA) codes, each with the applicable Operating Company Number (OCN), covered by this Agreement is provided below. Any addition, deletion or change in name associated with the listed ACNA codes, or any changes in OCNs, is subject to Section 22 Assignments. Notice must be received before orders can be processed under a new or changed ACNA code or OCN.

	ACNA	OCN
Wisconsin	UCU, MTZ, MKT	6274

- 3.5 Each Party shall be responsible for labor relations with its own employees. Each Party agrees to notify the other Party as soon as practicable whenever such Party has knowledge that a labor dispute concerning its employees is delaying or threatens to delay such Party's timely performance of its obligations under this Agreement and shall endeavor to minimize impairment of service to the other Party (for example, by using its management personnel to perform work or by other means) in the event of a labor dispute to the extent permitted by Applicable Law.
- 3.6 Each Party shall act in good faith in its performance under this Agreement and, in each case in which a Party's consent or agreement is required or requested hereunder, such Party shall not unreasonably withhold or delay such consent or agreement.

4.0 EFFECTIVE DATE, TERM, AND TERMINATION

- 4.1 In **SBC-13STATE**, the effective date of this Agreement (the "Effective Date") shall be ten (10) Days after the Commission approves this Agreement under Section 252(e) of the Act or, absent such Commission approval, the date this Agreement is deemed approved under Section 252(e)(4) of the Act.
- 4.2 The term of this Agreement shall commence upon the Effective Date of this Agreement and shall expire on June 1, 2007 (the "Term"). This Agreement shall expire if either Party provides written notice, within one hundred-eighty (180) Days prior to the expiration of the Term, to the other Party to the effect that such Party does not intend to extend the Term. Absent the receipt by one Party of such written notice, this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect on and after the expiration of the Term, subject to the provisions of this Section 4.
- 4.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, either Party (at its sole discretion) may terminate this Agreement, and the provision of Interconnection and services, in the event the other Party (1) fails to perform a material obligation or breaches a material term of this Agreement and (2) fails to cure such nonperformance or breach within forty-five (45) Days after written notice thereof. Should the nonperforming or breaching Party fail to cure within forty-five (45) Days after such written notice, the noticing Party may thereafter terminate this Agreement immediately upon delivery of a written termination notice.
- 4.4 If pursuant to Section 4.2, this Agreement continues in full force and effect after the expiration of the Term, either Party may terminate this Agreement after delivering written notice to the other Party of its intention to terminate this Agreement, subject to Sections 4.5 and 4.6. Neither Party shall have any liability to the other Party for termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 4.4 other than its obligations under Sections 4.5 and 4.6.
- 4.5 Upon termination or expiration of this Agreement in accordance with Sections 4.2, 4.3 or 4.4:

- 4.5.1 Each Party shall continue to comply with its obligations set forth in Section 35, "Survival of Obligations"; and
- 4.5.2 Each Party shall promptly pay all amounts owed under this Agreement, subject to Section 6, "Dispute Resolution".
- 4.6 If **SBC-13STATE** serves notice of expiration or termination pursuant to Section 4.2 or Section 4.4, respectively, WSP shall provide **SBC-13STATE** written confirmation, within ten (10) Days, that WSP either wishes to (1) commence negotiations with **SBC-13STATE**, or adopt an agreement, under Sections 251/252 of the Act, or (2) terminate its Agreement. WSP shall identify the action to be taken for each affected agreement identified in **SBC-13STATE**'s notice.
- 4.7 If WSP serves notice of expiration or termination pursuant to Section 4.2 or Section 4.4, and also wishes to pursue a successor agreement with **SBC-13STATE**, WSP shall include a written request to commence negotiations with **SBC-13STATE**, or adopt an agreement, under Sections 251/252 of the Act and identify which state(s) the successor agreement will cover. Upon receipt of WSP's Section 252(a)(1) request, the Parties shall commence good faith negotiations on a successor agreement.
- 4.8 The rates, terms and conditions of this Agreement shall continue in full force and effect until the earlier of (i) the effective date of its successor agreement, whether such successor agreement is established via negotiation, arbitration or pursuant to Section 252(i) of the Act; or (ii) the date that is ten (10) months after the date on which **SBC-13STATE** received WSP's Section 252(a)(1) request, at which time the Agreement shall terminate without further notice.
- 4.9 If at any time during the Section 252(a)(1) negotiation process (prior to or after the expiration date or termination date of this Agreement), WSP withdraws its Section 252(a)(1) request, WSP must include in its notice of withdrawal a request to adopt a successor agreement under Section 252(i) of the Act or affirmatively state that WSP does not wish to pursue a successor agreement with **SBC-13STATE** for a given state. The rates, terms and conditions of this Agreement shall continue in full force and effect until the later of: 1) the expiration of the Term of this Agreement, or 2) the expiration of ninety (90) Days after the date WSP serves notice of withdrawal of its Section 252(a)(1) request. If the Term of this Agreement has expired, on the earlier of (i) the ninety-first (91st) Day following **SBC-13STATE**'s receipt of WSP's notice of withdrawal of its Section 252(a)(1) request or (ii) the effective date of the agreement following approval by the Commission of the adoption of an agreement under 252(i), the Parties shall, have no further obligations under this Agreement except those set forth in Section 4.5 of this Agreement.
- 4.10 If WSP does not affirmatively state that it wishes to pursue a successor agreement with **SBC-13STATE** as provided in Section 4.6 or Section 4.7 above, then the rates, terms and conditions of this Agreement shall continue in full force and effect until the later of 1) the expiration of the Term of this Agreement, or 2) the expiration of ninety (90) Days after the date WSP provided or received notice of expiration or termination. Thereafter, the Parties shall have no further obligations under this Agreement except as provided in Section 4.5 above.
- 4.11 In the event of expiration or termination of this Agreement when there is no successor agreement between **SBC-13STATE** and WSP, **SBC-13STATE** and WSP shall cooperate in good faith to effect an orderly transition of service under this Agreement; provided, WSP shall be solely responsible (from a financial, operational and administrative standpoint) to ensure that its End Users are transitioned to another Telecommunications Carrier, if applicable.

5.0 BILLING AND PAYMENT OF CHARGES

5.1 Charges and Payment

- 5.1.1 Each Party agrees to pay the other all undisputed billed amounts by the earlier of (i) the payment date, which may be set no earlier than thirty (30) Days after the bill date, or (ii) the next bill date (i.e. the same date in the following month as the bill date). The undisputed portions of all bills are to be paid when due. All Facilities and serving arrangement charges shall be billed monthly in advance, except those charges due for the initial month, or a portion of the initial month during which new items are provided, in which case charges will be included in the next bill rendered. If the date on which a bill is due as provided above is on a Day other than a Business Day, payment will be made on the next Business Day. Payments will be made in U.S. dollars.
 - 5.1.2 Usage-sensitive charges hereunder shall be billed monthly in arrears by both Parties.
 - 5.1.3 All non-usage-sensitive monthly charges shall be billed by **SBC-13STATE** monthly in advance, except those charges due for the initial month, or a portion of the initial month during which new items are provided, will be included in the next bill rendered.
 - 5.1.4 Disputed amounts must be disputed pursuant to Section 6.4.
- 5.2 Late Payment Charge
- 5.2.1 Bills will be considered past due thirty (30) Days after the bill date, and are payable in immediately available U.S. funds. If the amount billed is received by the billing Party after the Payment Due Date or if any portion of the payment is received by the billing Party in funds which are not immediately available to the billing Party, then a late payment charge will apply to the unpaid balance. The late payment charge will be as set forth in **SBC-13STATE's** applicable state tariff. When there is no applicable tariff in the State, any undisputed amounts not paid when due shall accrue interest from the date such amounts were due at the lesser of (i) one and one-half percent (1½%) per month or (ii) the highest rate of interest that may be charged under Applicable Law, compounded daily from the number of Days from the Payment Due Date to and including the date that payment is actually made.
- 5.3 Backbilling
- 5.3.1 Charges for any service or product provided pursuant to this Agreement may be billed by the billing Party for up to one (1) year after the initial date such service or product was furnished.
- 5.4 Backcredits
- 5.4.1 Neither Party may request credit for any billing by the other Party pursuant to this Agreement more than one (1) year after the date of the bill on which the service or product was billed. Any such request will be in writing and contain sufficient detail to allow the other Party to properly investigate the request. If the request for credit leads to a billing dispute, such dispute shall be handled in accordance with Section 6, Dispute Resolution.
- 5.5 Tariffed Items
- 5.5.1 Where charges in this Agreement are specifically identified as tariffed rates, then those charges and those alone shall be deemed amended to conform to any authorized modifications that may hereafter occur to those tariffed rates. Such amendments shall become effective upon the effective date of tariff modification.

5.6 Invoices

- 5.6.1 Invoices shall comply with nationally accepted standards agreed upon by the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF) for billing access traffic. Reciprocal Compensation invoices from WSP shall contain detail to substantiate billed traffic which originates from **SBC-13STATE**'s network.
- 5.6.2 Parties agree that each will perform the necessary call recording and rating for its respective portions of an exchanged call in order to invoice the other Party.
- 5.6.3 Invoices between the Parties shall include, but not be limited to the pertinent following information.
- Identification of the monthly bill period (from and through dates)
 - Current charges
 - Past due balance
 - Adjustments
 - Credits
 - Late payment charges
 - Payments
 - Contact telephone number for billing inquiries
- 5.6.4 The Parties will provide a remittance document with each invoice identifying:
- Remittance address
 - Invoice number and/or billing account number
 - Summary of charges
 - Amount due
 - Payment Due Date (at least thirty (30) Days from the invoice date)
- 5.6.5 Invoices between the Parties will be provided on paper and will be the primary bill, unless a mechanized format is mutually agreed upon and subsequently designated in writing by both Parties as the primary bill.
- 5.6.6 Reciprocal Compensation invoices will be based on Conversation MOUs for all Completed Calls and are measured in total conversation time seconds, which are totaled (by originating and terminating CLLI code) for the monthly billing cycle and then rounded up to the next whole minute. When **SBC-13STATE** is unable to invoice reflecting an adjustment for shared Facilities and/or Trunks, WSP will separately invoice **SBC-13STATE** for **SBC-13STATE**'s share of the cost of such Facilities and/or Trunks as provided in this Agreement thirty (30) Days following receipt by WSP of **SBC-13STATE**'s invoice.
- 5.6.7 WSP will invoice **SBC-13STATE** for Reciprocal Compensation by LATA and by state, based on the terminating location of the call. WSP will display the CLLI code(s) associated with the Trunk through which the exchange of traffic between **SBC-13STATE** and WSP takes place as well as the number of calls and Conversation MOUs for each inbound Facility route. **SBC-13STATE** will invoice WSP for Reciprocal Compensation by LATA and by the End Office/Tandem Switch, based on the terminating location of the call and will display and summarize the number of calls and Conversation MOUs for each terminating office.
- 5.7 There will be no netting by the billed Party of payments due herein against any other amount owed by one Party to the other.

6. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

6.1 Finality of Disputes

- 6.1.1 Unless otherwise agreed, no Claims will be brought for disputes arising under this Agreement more than twelve (12) months from the date of the occurrence which gives rise to the dispute.
 - 6.1.2 No Claims subject to Billing Dispute Resolution, Section 6.4, will be brought for disputes arising under this Agreement more than twelve (12) months from the Payment Due Date of the invoice giving rise to the dispute.
 - 6.1.3 Notwithstanding 6.1.2., billing disputes involving Claims where amounts are withheld are subject to the more restrictive time limitation set forth in Section 6.4.5.1.
- 6.2 Alternative to Litigation
- 6.2.1 The Parties desire to resolve disputes arising out of this Agreement, using the following Dispute Resolution procedure with respect to any controversy or Claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement or its breach.
- 6.3 Commencing Dispute Resolution
- 6.3.1 Dispute Resolution shall commence upon one Party's receipt of written notice of a controversy or Claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement or its breach. No Party may pursue any Claim unless such written notice has first been given to the other Party. There are three (3) separate Dispute Resolution methods:
 - 6.3.1.1 Billing Dispute Resolution;
 - 6.3.1.2 Informal Dispute Resolution; and
 - 6.3.1.3 Formal Dispute Resolution.
- 6.4 Billing Dispute Resolution
- 6.4.1 The following Dispute Resolution procedures will apply with respect to any disputed amounts invoiced pursuant to or relating to the Agreement ("Disputed Amounts").
 - 6.4.2 Any notice of Disputed Amounts given by WSP to **SBC-13STATE** shall be referred to **SBC-13STATE's** Access Service Center ("ASC") for resolution.
 - 6.4.3 A Party with a bona fide dispute regarding any amounts invoiced ("Disputing Party") shall provide written notice of Disputed Amounts to the other Party ("Notice of Disputed Amounts").
 - 6.4.4 The Notice of Disputed Amounts shall contain the following: (i) the date of the invoice in question, (ii) the account number or other identification of the invoice in question, (iii) the circuit ID number or Trunk number in question, (iv) any USOC (or other descriptive information) in question, (v) the amount invoiced, (vi) the amount in dispute, and (vii) the basis of the dispute.
 - 6.4.5 Time of Notice of Disputed Amounts
 - 6.4.5.1 If a Disputing Party is withholding payment of Disputed Amounts, to be considered timely, a Notice of Disputed Amounts must be received by the other Party by the Payment Due Date of the invoice in question.
 - 6.4.5.2 If a Disputing Party does not withhold payment of Disputed Amounts, to be considered timely, a Notice of Disputed Amounts must be received by the other Party within thirty (30) days of the disputing Party's discovery of the Claim, and no later than the time frame stated in Section 6.1.2, above.

6.4.6 Failure to timely provide the Notice of Disputed Amounts (including the required information and documentation pursuant to Section 6.4.4) shall constitute the Disputing Party's irrevocable and full waiver of its dispute pertaining to the subject Disputed Amounts, and any withheld amounts shall be deemed past due, and late payment charges shall apply as set forth in Section 5.2.

6.4.6.1 The Parties shall attempt to resolve current billing disputes regarding withheld payments within sixty (60) Days of the invoicing Party's receipt of Notice of Disputed Amounts. However, if the dispute is not resolved within the first thirty (30) Days of such sixty-(60) Day period, upon request, the invoicing Party shall advise the Disputing Party of the status of the dispute and the expected resolution date.

6.4.6.2 The Parties shall attempt to resolve Disputed Amounts regarding fully paid invoices within ninety (90) Days of the invoicing Party's receipt of Notice of Disputed Amounts, but resolution may take longer depending on the complexity of the dispute. However, if the dispute is not resolved within the first forty-five (45) Days of such ninety-(90) Day period, upon request, the invoicing Party shall advise the Disputing Party of the status of the dispute and the expected resolution date.

6.4.7 Either Party may invoke Informal Resolution of Disputes upon written notice ("Informal Dispute Resolution Notice") received by the other Party within ten (10) Business Days after the expiration of the time frames contained in Sections 6.4.6.1 and 6.4.6.2; however, the Parties may, by mutual agreement, proceed to Informal Resolution of Disputes at any time during such time frames.

6.5 Informal Resolution of Disputes

6.5.1 Upon a Party's receipt of an Informal Dispute Notice (Section 6.4.7), each Party will appoint a knowledgeable, responsible representative to meet and negotiate in good faith to resolve any dispute arising under this Agreement. The location, form, frequency, duration, and conclusion of these discussions will be left to the discretion of the representatives. Upon agreement, the representatives may utilize other alternative dispute resolution procedures such as mediation to assist in the negotiations.

6.5.1.1 Discussions and the correspondence among the representatives for purposes of settlement are exempt from discovery and production and will not be admissible in the arbitration described below or in any lawsuit without the prior written concurrence of both Parties. Documents identified in or provided with such communications, not prepared for purposes of the negotiations, are not so exempted and, if otherwise admissible, may be admitted in evidence in an arbitration or lawsuit.

6.6 Formal Dispute Resolution

6.6.1 If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute through the informal procedure described above in Section 6.5, then either Party may invoke the Formal Dispute Resolution procedures (*i.e.*, Mandatory or Elective Arbitration), set forth in this Section 6.6 and in Section 6.8, by submitting to the other Party a written notice seeking arbitration, which shall with sufficient specificity identify the dispute for which arbitration is sought ("Arbitration Notice"). Unless agreed upon by the Parties, Formal Dispute Resolution procedures may be invoked not earlier than sixty (60) Business Days after receipt of the Informal Dispute Resolution Notice, and any Arbitration Notice

received prior to the expiration of such sixty (60) Business Day period shall be of no force or effect.

6.7 Claims Subject to Mandatory Arbitration.

6.7.1 Upon receipt of the Arbitration Notice by either Party from the other, the following will be subject to mandatory arbitration, which shall be the sole available remedy if invoked within one-hundred eighty (180) Days after receipt of the Informal Dispute Resolution Notice.

6.7.1.1 Each unresolved billing dispute involving one percent (1%) or less of the amounts charged per BAN to the Disputing Party under this Agreement in the state in which the dispute arises during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding receipt of the letter initiating Dispute Resolution under Section 6.4. If the disputing Party has not been billed for a minimum of twelve (12) months immediately preceding receipt of the letter initiating Dispute Resolution under Section 6.4, the Parties will annualize the number of months actually billed.

6.7.2 Claims Subject to Elective Arbitration. All Claims not described in Section 6.7.1.1 above will be subject to arbitration if, and only if, the Claim is not settled through Informal Dispute Resolution and both Parties agree to arbitration. If both Parties do not agree to arbitration, then either Party may proceed with any remedy available to it pursuant to law, equity or agency mechanism.

6.7.3 Claims Not Subject to Arbitration. If the following Claims are not resolved through Informal Dispute Resolution, they will not be subject to arbitration and must be resolved through any remedy available to a Party pursuant to law, equity or agency mechanism.

6.7.3.1 Actions seeking a temporary restraining order or an injunction related to the purposes of this Agreement.

6.7.3.2 Actions to compel compliance with the Dispute Resolution process.

6.7.3.3 All claims arising under federal or state statute(s), including antitrust claims.

6.8 Arbitration

6.8.1 Disputes subject to mandatory or elective arbitration under the provisions of this Agreement will be submitted to a single arbitrator pursuant to the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association or pursuant to such other provider of arbitration services or rules as the Parties may agree.

6.8.2 The Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §§ 1-16, not state law, shall govern the arbitrability of all disputes.

6.8.3 Each arbitration will be held in Dallas, Texas (**SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**) or Chicago, Illinois (**SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE**), San Francisco, California (**SBC CALIFORNIA**); Reno, Nevada (**SBC NEVADA**); or New Haven, Connecticut (**SBC CONNECTICUT**), as appropriate, unless the Parties agree otherwise.

6.8.4 The arbitrator shall be knowledgeable of telecommunications issues.

6.8.5 The arbitrator will control the scheduling so as to process the matter expeditiously.

6.8.6 The arbitration hearing will be requested to commence within sixty (60) Days of the demand for arbitration.

- 6.8.7 The times specified in this Section 6.8 may be extended or shortened upon mutual agreement of the Parties or by the arbitrator upon a showing of good cause.
 - 6.8.8 The Parties may submit written briefs upon a schedule determined by the arbitrator.
 - 6.8.9 The Parties will request that the arbitrator rule on the dispute by issuing a written opinion within thirty (30) Days after the close of hearings.
 - 6.8.10 Notwithstanding any rule of the AAA Commercial Arbitration Rules to the contrary, the Parties agree that the arbitrator will have no authority to award punitive damages, exemplary damages, Consequential Damages, multiple damages, or any other damages not measured by the prevailing Party's actual damages, and may not, in any event, make any ruling, finding or award that does not conform to the terms and conditions of the Agreement.
 - 6.8.11 Each Party will bear its own costs of these procedures, including attorneys' fees.
 - 6.8.12 The Parties will equally split the fees of the arbitration and the arbitrator.
 - 6.8.13 The arbitrator's award shall be final and binding and may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof.
 - 6.8.14 Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having jurisdiction.
- 6.9 Resolution of Billing Disputes
- 6.9.1 The following provisions apply specifically to the resolution of billing disputes.
 - 6.9.1.1 Upon resolution of a billing dispute in favor of the Disputing Party, the following will be reflected on the first or second bill subsequently issued by the billing Party:
 - 6.9.1.1.1 Any and all credits due, including but not limited to late fees, shall be applied.
 - 6.9.1.1.2 Credits for interest on any amounts paid in excess of the amount found to be due, calculated from the date of Notice of Disputed Amounts.
 - 6.9.2 When billing disputes are resolved in favor of the billing Party, the following will be reflected on the first or second bill subsequently issued by the billing Party:
 - 6.9.2.1 Any amounts not paid but found to be due, to be reflected on the 1st or 2nd bill issued after resolution.
 - 6.9.2.2 Late payment charges calculated from the Payment Due Date through date of remittance on any amount not paid but found to be due.
 - 6.9.2.3 Any amounts not paid but found to be due according to the Billing Dispute Resolution will be paid to the billing Party.
 - 6.9.3 Failure by a Party to pay any charges determined to be owed within the applicable billing period specified above in Sections 6.9.1 and 6.9.2 shall be considered a failure to perform a material obligation or a breach of a material term of this Agreement for purposes of Section 4.3.

7.0 AUDITS - Applicable in SBC-12STATE only

- 7.1 Each Party to this Agreement will be responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the respective Parties involved.

- 7.2 Upon reasonable written notice and at its own expense, subject to the provisions of this Section 14, "Confidentiality", each Party or its authorized representative (providing such authorized representative does not have a conflict of interest related to other matters involving one of the Parties) (the "Auditing Party") shall have the right to conduct an audit of the other Party's (the "Audited Party") books, records, data and other documents, as provided herein, which audit shall be limited to the purpose of evaluating (i) the accuracy of Audited Party's billing and invoicing of the services provided hereunder and (ii) verification of compliance with any provision of this Agreement that affects the accuracy of Auditing Party's billing and invoicing of the services provided to Audited Party hereunder. Neither Party may request more than one (1) such audit per state within any twelve (12) month period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an Auditing Party may audit the Audited Party's books, records and documents more than once annually if the previous audit found (i) previously uncorrected net variances or errors in invoices in Audited Party's favor with an aggregate value of at least five percent (5%) of the amounts payable by Auditing Party for audited services provided during the period covered by the audit or (ii) non-compliance by Audited Party with any provision of this Agreement affecting Auditing Party's billing and invoicing of the services provided to Audited Party with an aggregate value of at least five percent (5%) of the amounts payable by Audited Party for audited services provided during the period covered by the audit.
- 7.3 Each audit shall be conducted: 1) by the Auditing Party's employee(s) or an independent auditor with experience in the telephony industry, and 2) on the premises of the Audited Party during normal business hours on Business Day(s). Audited Party shall cooperate fully in any such audit and shall provide the auditor reasonable access to any and all appropriate Audited Party employees and any books, records and other documents reasonably necessary to assess (i) the accuracy of Audited Party's bills and (ii) Audited Party's compliance with the provisions of this Agreement that affect the accuracy of Auditing Party's billing and invoicing of the services provided to Audited Party hereunder. Audited Party may redact from the books, records and other documents provided to the auditor any Audited Party Proprietary Information that reveals the identity of End Users of Audited Party or other Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI).
- 7.4 Each Party, whether or not in connection with an audit, shall maintain records, reports and data relevant to the billing of any services that are the subject matter of this Agreement for a minimum of twenty-four (24) months.
- 7.5 The scope of the audit shall be limited to the period which is the shorter of (i) the period subsequent to the last day of the period covered by the audit which was last performed (or if no audit has been performed, the service start date and (ii) the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the date the Audited Party received notice of such requested audit, but in any event not prior to the service start date. The Auditing Party's right to access information for audit purposes is limited to data not in excess of twelve (12) months in age. Such audit shall begin no fewer than thirty (30) Business Days after Audited Party receives a written notice requesting an audit and shall be completed no later than thirty (30) Business Days after such audit begins.
- 7.6 If the auditing Party elects to use the services of a third Party independent auditor, with experience in the telephony industry, then the auditing Party shall: 1) be responsible for all costs associated with such independent auditor, and 2) cause the independent auditor to execute a nondisclosure agreement in a form agreed upon by the Parties.

- 7.7 If any audit confirms any undercharge or overcharge, then Audited Party shall (i) promptly correct any billing error, including making refund of any overpayment by Auditing Party in the form of a credit on the invoice for the first full billing cycle after the Parties have agreed upon the accuracy of the audit results and (ii) for any undercharge caused by the actions of the Audited Party, immediately compensate Auditing Party for such undercharge, and (iii) in each case of overcharge, calculate and pay interest as provided in Section 5.2.1 for the number of Days from the date on which such overcharge originated until the date on which such credit is issued or payment is made and available.
- 7.8 Any disputes concerning audit results shall be referred to the Parties' respective personnel responsible for informal resolution (Section 6.5). If these individuals cannot resolve the dispute within thirty (30) Business Days of the referral, either Party may request in writing that an additional audit be conducted by an independent auditor with experience in the telephony industry, subject to the requirements set out in this Section 7. Any additional audit shall be at the requesting Party's expense.

8.0 DISCLAIMER OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

- 8.1 EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, NEITHER PARTY MAKES OR RECEIVES ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE INTERCONNECTION, FUNCTIONS, FACILITIES, NETWORK ELEMENTS, PRODUCTS AND SERVICES IT PROVIDES OR MAY PROVIDE UNDER THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY DISCLAIMS THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. ADDITIONALLY, NEITHER PARTY TO THIS AGREEMENT ASSUMES ANY RESPONSIBILITY WITH REGARD TO THE CORRECTNESS OF DATA OR INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY ANY OTHER PARTY TO THIS AGREEMENT WHEN SUCH DATA OR INFORMATION IS ACCESSED AND USED BY A THIRD PARTY.

9.0 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- 9.1 Except for indemnity obligations expressly set forth herein or as otherwise provided in specific appendices, each Party's liability to the other Party for any Loss relating to or arising out of such Party's performance under this Agreement (including any negligent act or omission, whether willful or inadvertent), whether in contract, tort or otherwise, including alleged breaches of this Agreement and causes of action alleged to arise from allegations that breach of this Agreement also constitute a violation of a statute (including the Act), shall not exceed in total the amount **SBC-13STATE** or WSP has charged or would have charged to the other Party for the affected Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and/or service(s) that were not performed or did not function or were improperly performed or improperly functioned.
- 9.2 Except as otherwise expressly provided in specific appendices, in the case of any Loss alleged or Claimed by a Third Party to have arisen out of the negligence or willful misconduct of both Parties, each Party shall bear, and its obligation shall be limited to, that portion (as mutually agreed to by the Parties or as otherwise established) of the resulting expense caused by its own negligence or willful misconduct or that of its agents, servants, contractors, or others acting in aid or concert with it.
- 9.3 U.S. Cellular may, in its sole discretion, provide in its contracts with its End Users or Third Parties that relate to any, functions, facilities, products and services provided or contemplated under this Agreement that, to the maximum extent permitted by Applicable Law, U.S. Cellular shall not be liable to such End User or Third Party for (i) any Loss relating to or arising out of this Agreement, whether in contract, tort or otherwise, that exceeds the amount U.S. Cellular would have charged the End User or Third Party for the, functions, facilities, products and services that gave rise to such Loss and (ii) any Consequential Damages. If U.S. Cellular elects not to place in its contracts such limitation(s) of liability, and **SBC-**

13STATE incurs a Loss as a result thereof, U.S. Cellular shall indemnify and reimburse **SBC-13STATE** for that portion of the Loss that would have been limited had U.S. Cellular included in its contracts the limitation(s) of liability described in this Section 9.3.

- 9.4 Neither WSP nor **SBC-13STATE** shall be liable to the other Party for any Consequential Damages suffered by the other Party, regardless of the form of action, whether in contract, warranty, strict liability, tort or otherwise, including negligence of any kind, whether active or passive (and including alleged breaches of this Agreement and causes of action alleged to arise from allegations that breach of this Agreement constitutes a violation of the Act or other statute), and regardless of whether the Parties knew or had been advised of the possibility that such damages could result in connection with or arising from anything said, omitted, or done hereunder or related hereto, including willful acts or omissions; provided that the foregoing shall not limit a Party's obligation under Section 9.3 or 10 to indemnify, defend, and hold the other Party harmless against any amounts payable to a Third Party, including any Losses, and Consequential Damages of such Third Party; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 9.4 shall impose indemnity obligations on a Party for any Loss or Consequential Damages suffered by that Party's End User in connection with any affected Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and services. Except as provided in the prior sentence, each Party ("Indemnifying Party") hereby releases and holds harmless the other Party ("Indemnitee") (and Indemnitee's Affiliates, and Indemnitee's and Indemnitee's Affiliates' respective officers, directors, employees and agents) against any Loss or Claim made by the Indemnifying Party's End User.
- 9.5 **SBC-13STATE** shall not be liable to WSP, its End User or any other Person for any Loss alleged to arise out of the provision of access to 911 service or any errors, interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of 911 service.
- 9.6 This Section 9 is not intended to exempt any Party from all liability under this Agreement, but only to set forth the scope of agreed liability and the type of damages that are recoverable. The Parties acknowledge that the above limitation of liability provisions are negotiated. **SBC-13STATE** asserts that alternate limitation of liability provisions would have altered the cost and U.S. Cellular acknowledges that alternate limitation of liability provisions may have altered the cost, and thus the price, of providing the Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and services available hereunder, and no different pricing reflecting different costs and different limits of liability were agreed.
- 9.7 **SBC-13STATE** shall not be liable for damages to an End User's premises resulting from the furnishing of any Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products or services, including, if applicable, the installation and removal of equipment and associated wiring, unless the damage is caused by **SBC-13STATE**'s gross negligence or willful misconduct. **SBC-13STATE** does not guarantee or make any warranty with respect to Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products or services when used in an explosive atmosphere.

10.0 INDEMNITY

- 10.1 Except as otherwise expressly provided herein or in specific appendices, each Party shall be responsible only for the Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, products, Facilities, and services which are provided by that Party, its authorized agents, subcontractors, or others retained by such Parties, and neither Party shall bear any responsibility for the Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and services provided by the other Party, its agents, subcontractors, or others retained by such Parties.
- 10.2 Except as otherwise expressly provided herein or in specific appendices, and to the extent not prohibited by Applicable Law and not otherwise controlled by tariff, each Party (the "Indemnifying Party") shall release, defend and indemnify the other Party (the "Indemnified Party") and hold such

Indemnified Party harmless against any Loss to a Third Party arising out of the negligence or willful misconduct ("Fault") of such Indemnifying Party, its agents, its End Users, contractors, or others retained by such Parties, in connection with the Indemnifying Party's provision of Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and services under this Agreement; provided, however, that (i) with respect to employees or agents of the Indemnifying Party, such Fault occurs while performing within the scope of their employment, (ii) with respect to subcontractors of the Indemnifying Party, such Fault occurs in the course of performing duties of the subcontractor under its subcontract with the Indemnifying Party, and (iii) with respect to the Fault of employees or agents of such subcontractor, such Fault occurs while performing within the scope of their employment by the subcontractor with respect to such duties of the subcontractor under the subcontract.

- 10.3 In the case of any Loss alleged or claimed by an End User of either Party, the Party whose End User alleged or claimed such Loss (the "Indemnifying Party") shall defend and indemnify the other Party (the "Indemnified Party") against any and all such Claims or Losses by such End User regardless of whether the underlying Interconnection, Network Elements, function, Facilities, product or service giving rise to such Claim or Loss was provided or provisioned by the Indemnified Party, unless the Claim or Loss was caused by the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Indemnified Party.
- 10.4 A Party (the "Indemnifying Party") shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the other Party ("Indemnified Party") against any Claim or Loss arising from the Indemnifying Party's use of Interconnection, functions, Facilities, products and services provided under this Agreement involving:
- 10.4.1 Any Claim or Loss arising from such Indemnifying Party's use of Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and services offered under this Agreement, involving any Claim for libel, slander, invasion of privacy, or infringement of Intellectual Property rights arising from the Indemnifying Party's or its End User's use.
- 10.4.1.1 The foregoing includes any Claims or Losses arising from disclosure of any End User-specific information associated with either the originating or terminating numbers used to provision Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products or services provided hereunder and all other Claims arising out of any act or omission of the End User in the course of using any Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products or services provided pursuant to this Agreement.
- 10.4.1.2 The foregoing includes any Losses arising from Claims for actual or alleged infringement of any Intellectual Property right of a Third Party to the extent that such Loss arises from an Indemnifying Party's or an Indemnifying Party's End User's use of Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products or services provided under this Agreement; provided, however, that an Indemnifying Party's obligation to defend and indemnify the Indemnified Party shall not apply:
- 10.4.1.2.1 where an Indemnified Party or its End User modifies Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products or services provided under this Agreement; and
- 10.4.1.2.2 no infringement would have occurred without such modification.
- 10.4.2 Any and all penalties imposed on either Party because of the Indemnifying Party's failure to comply with the Communications Assistance to Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (CALEA); provided that the Indemnifying Party shall also, at its sole cost and expense, pay any amounts necessary to modify or replace any equipment, Facilities or services provided to the Indemnified Party under this Agreement to ensure that such equipment, Facilities and services fully comply with CALEA.

- 10.4.3 **SBC-13STATE** hereby conveys no licenses to use such Intellectual Property rights and makes no warranties, express or implied, concerning WSP's (or any Third Parties') rights with respect to such Intellectual Property rights and contract rights, including whether such rights will be violated by such Interconnection in **SBC-13STATE**'s network or WSP's use of other functions, Facilities, products or services furnished under this Agreement.
- 10.4.4 **SBC-13STATE** does not and shall not indemnify, defend or hold WSP harmless, nor be responsible for indemnifying or defending, or holding WSP harmless, for any Claims or Losses for actual or alleged infringement of any Intellectual Property right or interference with or violation of any contract right that arises out of, is caused by, or relates to WSP's Interconnection with **SBC-13STATE**'s network or WSP's use of other functions, Facilities, products or services furnished under this Agreement.
- 10.5 WSP shall reimburse **SBC-13STATE** for damages to **SBC-13STATE**'s Facilities utilized to provide Interconnection hereunder caused by the negligence or willful act of WSP, its agents or subcontractors or WSP's End User or resulting from WSP's improper use of **SBC-13STATE**'s Facilities, or due to malfunction of any Facilities, functions, products, services or equipment provided by any Person or entity other than **SBC-13STATE** in connection with or for the benefit of WSP. Upon reimbursement for damages, **SBC-13STATE** will cooperate with WSP in prosecuting a Claim against the Person causing such damage. WSP shall be subrogated to the right of recovery by **SBC-13STATE** for the damages to the extent of such payment.
- 10.6 Indemnification Procedures
- 10.6.1 Whenever a Claim shall give rise to indemnification obligations under this Section 10, the relevant Indemnified Party, as appropriate, shall promptly notify the Indemnifying Party and request in writing the Indemnifying Party to defend the same. Failure to so notify the Indemnifying Party shall not relieve the Indemnifying Party of any liability that the Indemnifying Party might have, except to the extent that such failure prejudices the Indemnifying Party's ability to defend such Claim.
- 10.6.2 The Indemnifying Party shall have the right to defend against such liability or assertion, in which event the Indemnifying Party shall give written notice to the Indemnified Party of acceptance of the defense of such Claim and the identity of counsel selected by the Indemnifying Party.
- 10.6.3 Until such time as Indemnifying Party provides written notice of acceptance of the defense of such Claim, the Indemnified Party shall defend such Claim, at the reasonable expense of the Indemnifying Party, subject to any right of the Indemnifying Party to seek reimbursement for the costs of such defense in the event that it is determined that Indemnifying Party had no obligation to indemnify the Indemnified Party for such Claim.
- 10.6.4 Upon accepting the defense, the Indemnifying Party shall have exclusive right to control and conduct the defense and settlement of any such Claims, subject to consultation with the Indemnified Party. So long as the Indemnifying Party is controlling and conducting the defense, the Indemnifying Party shall not be liable for any settlement by the Indemnified Party unless such Indemnifying Party has approved such settlement in advance and agrees to be bound by the agreement incorporating such settlement.
- 10.6.5 At any time, an Indemnified Party shall have the right to refuse a compromise or settlement, and, at such refusing Party's cost, to take over such defense; provided that, in such event the Indemnifying Party shall not be responsible for, nor shall it be obligated to indemnify the refusing Party against, any cost or liability in excess of such refused compromise or settlement.

- 10.6.6 With respect to any defense accepted by the Indemnifying Party, the Indemnified Party will be entitled to participate with the Indemnifying Party in such defense if the Claim requests equitable relief or other relief that could affect the rights of the Indemnified Party, and shall also be entitled to employ separate counsel for such defense at such Indemnified Party's expense.
- 10.6.7 If the Indemnifying Party does not accept the defense of any indemnified Claim as provided above, the Indemnified Party shall have the right to employ counsel for such defense at the expense of the Indemnifying Party.
- 10.6.8 In the event of a failure to assume the defense, the Indemnified Party may negotiate a settlement, which shall be presented to the Indemnifying Party. If the Indemnifying Party refuses to agree to the presented settlement, the Indemnifying Party may take over the defense. If the Indemnifying Party refuses to agree to the presented settlement and refuses to take over the defense, the Indemnifying Party shall be liable for any reasonable cash settlement not involving any admission of liability by the Indemnifying Party, though such settlement may have been made by the Indemnified Party without approval of the Indemnifying Party, it being the Parties' intent that no settlement involving a non-monetary concession by the Indemnifying Party, including an admission of liability by such Party, shall take effect without the written approval of the Indemnifying Party.
- 10.6.9 Each Party agrees to cooperate and to cause its employees and agents to cooperate with the other Party in the defense of any such Claim and the relevant records of each Party shall be available to the other Party with respect to any such defense, subject to the restrictions and limitations set forth in Section 14, "Confidentiality".

11.0 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

- 11.1 Any Intellectual Property originating from or developed by a Party shall remain in the exclusive ownership of that Party.
- 11.2 Except at otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, no license under patents, copyrights or any other Intellectual Property right (other than the limited license to use consistent with the terms, conditions and restrictions of this Agreement) is granted by either Party or shall be implied or arise by estoppel with respect to any transactions contemplated under this Agreement.

12.0 NOTICES

- 12.1 Subject to Section 12.2, notices given by one Party to the other Party under this Agreement shall be in writing (unless specifically provided otherwise herein), and unless otherwise expressly required by this Agreement to be delivered to another representative or point of contact, shall be
- 12.1.1 delivered personally;
- 12.1.2 delivered by express overnight delivery service;
- 12.1.3 mailed, via certified mail or first class U.S. Postal Service, with postage prepaid, and a return receipt requested; or
- 12.1.4 delivered by facsimile; provided that a paper copy is also sent by a method described in 12.1.1, 12.1.2 or 12.1.3, above.
- 12.1.5 Notices will be deemed given as of the earliest of:
- 12.1.5.1 the date of actual receipt,
- 12.1.5.2 the next Business Day when sent via express overnight delivery service,

12.1.5.3 five (5) Days after mailing in the case of certified mail or first class U.S. Postal Service, or

12.1.5.4 on the date set forth on the confirmation produced by the sending facsimile machine when delivery by facsimile is shown on such confirmation as completed prior to 5:00 p.m. in the recipient's time zone, but the next Business Day when delivery by facsimile is shown at 5:00 p.m. or later in the recipient's time zone.

12.2 Notices will be addressed to the Parties as follows:

NOTICE CONTACT	WSP CONTACT	13 STATE CONTACT
NAME/TITLE	Jim Naumann, Sr. Director – National	Contract Administration ATTN: Notices Manager
STREET ADDRESS	8410 Bryn Mawr, Ste. 700	311 S. Akard, 9th Floor Four SBC Plaza
CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE	Chicago, IL 60631	Dallas, TX 75202-5398
FACSIMILE NUMBER	773-399-4123	214-464-2006

Copy to

Name/Title: Stephen P. Fitzell, Esquire
 c/o Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP
 Street Address: Bank One Plaza
 10 South Dearborn Street
 City, State, Zip Code: Chicago, IL 60603
 Facsimile Number: 312-853-7036

12.3 WSP's E-mail address for Accessible Letters:

Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, Texas,
Jim.Naumann@uscellular.com
Lisa.Paarfusser@uscellular.com
Ron.Heron@uscellular.com
Mike.Mullen@uscellular.com
Scott.Dose@uscellular.com
Jake.Manus@uscellular.com
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Matt Cormier - matthew.cormier@uscellular.com
Ron Booker - Ron.booker@uscellular.com
Mike Moderski - mike.moderski@uscellular.com

- 12.4 Either Party may unilaterally change its designated contact, address, telephone number and/or facsimile number for the receipt of notices by giving written notice to the other Party in compliance with this Section. Any notice to change the designated contact, address, telephone and/or facsimile number for the receipt of notices shall be deemed effective ten (10) Days following receipt by the other Party.
- 12.5 **SBC-13STATE** communicates official information to WSPs via its Accessible Letter notification process. This process covers a variety of subjects, including updates on products/services promotions; deployment of new products/services; modifications and price changes to existing products/services; cancellation or retirement of existing products/services; and operational issues.
- 12.6 **SBC-13STATE** Accessible Letter notification will be via electronic mail (“e-mail”) distribution. Accessible Letter notification via e-mail will be deemed given as of the date set forth on the e-mail message.
- 12.7 WSP may designate up to a maximum of ten (10) recipients, per State, for **SBC-13STATE’s** Accessible Letter notification via e-mail.
- 12.8 WSP shall submit to **SBC-13STATE** a completed Accessible Letter Recipient Change Request Form to the individual specified on that form to designate in writing each individual’s e-mail address to whom WSP requests Accessible Letter notification be sent. WSP shall submit a completed Accessible Letter Recipient Change Request Form to add, remove or change recipient information for any WSP recipient of Accessible Letters. Any completed Accessible Letter Recipient Change Request Form shall be deemed effective ten (10) Days following receipt by **SBC-13STATE**. **SBC-13STATE** may, at its discretion, change the process by which the WSP provides Accessible Letter recipient information. Changes to this process will be developed through the WSP User Forum process and will be implemented only with the concurrence of the WSP User Form Global Issues group.

13.0 PUBLICITY AND USE OF TRADEMARKS OR SERVICE MARKS

- 13.1 Neither Party nor its subcontractors or agents shall use in any advertising or sales promotion, press releases, or other publicity matters any endorsements, direct or indirect quotes, or pictures that imply

endorsement by the other Party or any of its employees without such first Party's prior written approval. The Parties will submit to each other for written approval, prior to publication, all publicity matters that mention or display one another's name and/or marks or contain language from which a connection to said name and/or marks may be inferred or implied; the Party to whom a request is directed shall respond promptly. Nothing herein, however, shall be construed as preventing either Party from publicly stating the fact that it has executed this Agreement with the other Party.

- 13.2 Nothing in this Agreement will grant, suggest, or imply any authority for one Party to use the name, trademarks, service marks, logos, proprietary trade dress or trade names of the other Party in any advertising, press releases, publicity matters, marketing and/or promotional materials or for any other commercial purpose without prior written approval from such other Party.

14.0 CONFIDENTIALITY

- 14.1 Both Parties agree to protect proprietary information received from the other ("Proprietary Information") in accordance with the provisions of Section 222 of the Act.
- 14.2 Unless otherwise agreed, the obligations of confidentiality and non-use do not apply to such Proprietary Information that:
- 14.2.1 Was at the time of receipt, already known to the Party receiving the Proprietary Information (the "Receiving Party"), free of any obligation to keep confidential and evidenced by written records prepared prior to delivery by the Party disclosing the Proprietary Information (the "Disclosing Party"); or
- 14.2.2 Is, or becomes publicly known through no wrongful act of the Receiving Party; or
- 14.2.3 Is rightfully received from a Third Party having no direct or indirect secrecy or confidentiality obligation to the Disclosing Party with respect to such information, provided that such Receiving Party has exercised commercially reasonable efforts to determine whether such Third Party has any such obligation; or
- 14.2.4 Is independently developed by an agent, employee representative or Affiliate of the Receiving Party and such Party is not involved in any manner with the provision of services pursuant to this Agreement and does not have any direct or indirect access to the Proprietary Information; or
- 14.2.5 Is disclosed to a Third Party by the Disclosing Party without similar restrictions on such Third Party's rights; or
- 14.2.6 Is approved for release by written authorization of the Disclosing Party, but only to the extent of the authorization granted; or
- 14.2.7 Is required to be made public or disclosed by the Receiving Party pursuant to Applicable Law or regulation or court order or lawful process.

15.0 INTERVENING LAW

- 15.1 This Agreement is the result of negotiations between the Parties and may incorporate certain provisions that resulted from arbitration by the appropriate state Commission(s). In entering into this Agreement and any Amendments to such Agreement and carrying out the provisions herein, neither Party waives, but instead expressly reserves, all of its rights, remedies and arguments with respect to any orders, decisions, legislation or proceedings and any remands thereof and any other federal or state regulatory, legislative or judicial action(s), including, without limitation, its intervening law rights relating to the following actions, which the Parties have not yet fully incorporated into this Agreement or which may be the subject of further government review: *Verizon v. FCC, et. al*, 535 U.S. 467 (2002); *USTA, et. al v.*

FCC, 290 F.3d 415 (D.C. Cir. 2002) and following remand and appeal, *USTA v. FCC*, 359 F.3d 554 (D.C. Cir. 2004); the FCC's Triennial Review Order, CC Docket Nos. 01-338, 96-98 and 98-147 (FCC 03-36) including, without limitation, the FCC's MDU Reconsideration Order (FCC 04-191 (rel. Aug. 9, 2004) and the FCC's Order on Reconsideration (FCC 04-248) (rel. Oct. 18, 2004), and the FCC's Biennial Review Proceeding; the FCC's Supplemental Order Clarification (FCC 00-183) (rel. June 2, 2000), in CC Docket 96-98; and the FCC's Order on Remand and Report and Order in CC Dockets No. 96-98 and 99-68, 16 FCC Rcd 9151 (2001), (rel. April 27, 2001), which was remanded in *WorldCom, Inc. v. FCC*, 288 F.3d 429 (D.C. Cir. 2002), and as to the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking as to Intercarrier Compensation, CC Docket 01-92 (Order No. 01-132) (rel. April 27, 2001) (collectively "Government Actions"). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement (including any amendments to this Agreement), **SBC-13STATE** has no obligation to provide unbundled network elements (UNEs) to WSP and shall have no obligation to provide UNEs beyond those that may be required by the Act, if any, including the lawful and effective FCC rules and associated FCC and judicial orders. Except to the extent that **SBC-13STATE** has adopted the FCC ISP terminating compensation plan ("FCC Plan") in an **SBC-13STATE** state in which this Agreement is effective, and the Parties have incorporated rates, terms and conditions associated with the FCC Plan into this Agreement, these rights also include but are not limited to **SBC-13STATE**'s right to exercise its option at any time to adopt on a date specified by **SBC-13STATE** the FCC Plan, after which date ISP-bound traffic will be subject to the FCC Plan's prescribed terminating compensation rates, and other terms and conditions, and seek conforming modifications to this Agreement. If any action by any state or federal regulatory or legislative body or court of competent jurisdiction invalidates, modifies, or stays the enforcement of laws or regulations that were the basis or rationale for any rate(s), term(s) and/or condition(s) ("Provisions") of the Agreement and/or otherwise affects the rights or obligations of either Party that are addressed by this Agreement, specifically including but not limited to those arising with respect to the Government Actions, the affected Provision(s) shall be immediately invalidated, modified or stayed consistent with the action of the regulatory or legislative body or court of competent jurisdiction upon the written request of either Party ("Written Notice"). With respect to any Written Notices hereunder, the Parties shall have sixty (60) days from the Written Notice to attempt to negotiate and arrive at an agreement on the appropriate conforming modifications to the Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree upon the conforming modifications required within sixty (60) days from the Written Notice, any disputes between the Parties concerning the interpretation of the actions required or the provisions affected by such order shall be resolved pursuant to the dispute resolution process provided for in this Agreement.

16.0 GOVERNING LAW

- 16.1 Unless otherwise provided by Applicable Law, this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the Act, the FCC Rules and Regulations interpreting the Act and other applicable federal law. To the extent that federal law would apply state law in interpreting this Agreement, the domestic laws of the state in which the Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, Facilities, products and services at issue are furnished or sought shall apply, without regard to that state's conflict of laws principles. Further, the Parties submit, as applicable, to personal jurisdiction in the following: Topeka, Kansas; St. Louis, Missouri; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Dallas, Texas and Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and waive any and all objection to any such venue.

17.0 REGULATORY APPROVAL

- 17.1 The Parties understand and agree that this Agreement and any amendment or modification hereto will be filed with the Commission for approval in accordance with Section 252 of the Act and may thereafter be filed with the FCC. The Parties believe in good faith and agree that the services to be provided under this Agreement are in the public interest. Each Party covenants and agrees to fully support

approval of this Agreement by the Commission or the FCC under Section 252 of the Act without modification.

- 17.2 Unless otherwise agreed, if the designated Party fails to file this Agreement with the appropriate State Commission within sixty (60) days of both Parties signatures, then this signed Agreement is null and no longer valid. In such event, the designated Party may not file this signed Agreement for approval unless it obtains the express written permission of the other Party. If the other Party objects to the filing of this signed Agreement following the expiration of the sixty (60) days referenced above, then either Party may initiate negotiations for a successor agreement under Section 251/252 of the Act. If negotiations are commenced by either Party, then the Parties will determine what rates, terms and conditions, if any, will apply until such time as a successor agreement is reached. In any event, upon approval of the successor agreement by the appropriate State Commission, the rates, terms and conditions of such successor agreement shall retroactively apply back to the expiration and/or effective termination date of the last State Commission approved agreement between the Parties or the effective date of any interim agreement entered into between the Parties, whichever is earlier.

18.0 COMPLIANCE AND CERTIFICATION

- 18.1 Each Party shall comply at its own expense with all Applicable Laws that relate to that Party's obligations to the other Party under this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as requiring or permitting either Party to contravene any mandatory requirement of Applicable Law.
- 18.2 Each Party warrants that it has obtained all necessary certifications and licenses prior to ordering any Interconnection, functions, Facilities, products and services from the other Party pursuant to this Agreement. Upon request, each Party shall provide proof of certification and licensure.
- 18.3 Each Party shall be responsible for obtaining and keeping in effect all approvals from, and rights granted by, Governmental Authorities, building and property owners, other Telecommunications Carriers, and any other Third Parties that may be required in connection with the performance of its obligations under this Agreement.
- 18.4 Each Party represents and warrants that any equipment, facilities or services provided to the other Party under this Agreement comply with the CALEA.

19.0 LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CIVIL PROCESS

- 19.1 **SBC-13STATE** and WSP shall reasonably cooperate with the other Party in handling law enforcement requests as follows:

19.1.1 Intercept Devices:

Local and federal law enforcement agencies periodically request information or assistance from local telephone service providers. When either Party receives a request associated with a End User of the other Party, it shall refer such request to the Party that serves such End User, unless the request directs the receiving Party to attach a pen register, trap-and-trace or form of intercept on the Party's facilities, in which case that Party shall comply with any valid request.

19.2 Subpoenas

- 19.2.1 If a Party receives a subpoena for information concerning a End User the Party knows to be a End User of the other Party, it shall refer the subpoena to the Requesting Party with an indication that the other Party is the responsible company, unless the subpoena requests records for a period of time during which the receiving Party was the End User's service provider, in which case that Party will respond to any valid request.

19.3 Emergencies

19.3.1 If a Party receives a request from a law enforcement agency for a temporary number change, temporary disconnect, or one-way denial of outbound calls by the receiving Party's switch for an End User of the other Party, that receiving Party will comply with a valid emergency request. However, neither Party shall be held liable for any Claims or Losses arising from compliance with such requests on behalf of the other Party's End User and the Party serving such End User agrees to indemnify and hold the other Party harmless against any and all such Claims or Losses.

20.0 RELATIONSHIP OF THE PARTIES/ INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

- 20.1 Each Party is an independent contractor, and has and hereby retains the right to exercise full control of and supervision over its own performance of its obligations under this Agreement and retains full control over the employment, direction, compensation and discharge of its employees assisting in the performance of such obligations. Each Party and each Party's contractor(s) shall be solely responsible for all matters relating to payment of such employees, including the withholding or payment of all applicable federal, state and local income taxes, social security taxes and other payroll taxes with respect to its employees, as well as any taxes, contributions or other obligations imposed by applicable state unemployment or workers' compensation acts and all other regulations governing such matters. Each Party has sole authority and responsibility to hire, fire and otherwise control its employees.
- 20.2 Nothing contained herein shall constitute the Parties as joint venturers, partners, employees or agents of one another, and neither Party shall have the right or power to bind or obligate the other. Nothing herein will be construed as making either Party responsible or liable for the obligations and undertakings of the other Party. Except for provisions herein expressly authorizing a Party to act for another, nothing in this Agreement shall constitute a Party as a legal representative or agent of the other Party, nor shall a Party have the right or authority to assume, create or incur any liability or any obligation of any kind, express or implied, against or in the name or on behalf of the other Party unless otherwise expressly permitted by such other Party. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, no Party undertakes to perform any obligation of the other Party, whether regulatory or contractual, or to assume any responsibility for the management of the other Party's business.

21.0 NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES; DISCLAIMER OF AGENCY

21.1 This Agreement is for the sole benefit of the Parties and their permitted assigns, and nothing herein express or implied shall create or be construed to create any Third Party beneficiary rights hereunder. This Agreement shall not provide any Person not a party hereto with any remedy, claim, liability, reimbursement, cause of action, or other right in excess of those existing without reference hereto.

22.0 ASSIGNMENT

22.1 Assignment of Contract

- 22.1.1 WSP may not assign or transfer this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder, whether by operation of law or otherwise, to a non-affiliate Third Party without the prior written consent of **SBC-13STATE**, which consent may not be unreasonably withheld. Any attempted assignment or transfer that is not permitted is void *ab initio*.
- 22.1.2 Notwithstanding Section 22.1.1, WSP may assign or transfer this Agreement and all rights and obligations hereunder, whether by operation of law or otherwise, to its Affiliate or an entity acquiring all or substantially all of its assets or equity by providing thirty (30) calendar Days

advance written notice of such assignment or transfer to **SBC-13STATE**; provided that such assignment or transfer is not inconsistent with Applicable Law (including the Affiliate's obligation to obtain and maintain proper Commission certification and approvals) or the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, subject to Section 2.14.1, WSP may not assign or transfer this Agreement, or any rights or obligations hereunder, to its Affiliate if that Affiliate is a party to a separate agreement with **SBC-13STATE** under Sections 251 and 252 of the Act. Any attempted assignment or transfer that is not permitted is void *ab initio*.

22.2 Corporate Name Change and/or change in "d/b/a" only

22.2.1 When only the WSP name and/or form of entity (e.g., a corporation to a limited liability corporation) is changing, and which does not include a change to a WSP OCN/ACNA, constitutes a WSP Name Change. For a WSP Name Change, WSP will incur a record order charge for each WSP CABS Billing Account Number (BAN).

22.3 Company Code Change:

22.3.1 Any assignment or transfer of an agreement associated with the transfer or acquisition of "assets" provisioned under that agreement, where the OCN/ACNA formerly assigned to such "assets" is changing constitutes a WSP Company Code Change. For the purposes of Section 22.3.1, "assets" means any Interconnection, Unbundled Network Element, function, facility, product or service provided under that agreement. WSP shall provide **SBC-13STATE** with ninety (90) calendar days advance written notice of any assignment associated with a WSP Company Code Change and obtain **SBC-13STATE's** consent. **SBC-13STATE** shall not unreasonably withhold consent to a WSP Company Code Change; provided, however, **SBC-13STATE's** consent to any WSP Company Code Change is contingent upon cure of any outstanding charges owed under this Agreement and any outstanding charges associated with the "assets" subject to the WSP Company Code Change.

22.3.2 For any WSP Company Code Change, WSP must submit a service order changing the OCN/ACNA for each end user record and/or a service order for each circuit ID number, as applicable. WSP shall pay the appropriate charges for each service order submitted to accomplish a WSP Company Code Change. In addition, WSP understands and agrees that, among other things, any amendment allowing collocation will include the following language: WSP shall pay any and all charges required for re-stenciling, re-engineering, changing locks and any other work necessary with respect to collocation, as determined on an individual case basis.

22.4 Assignment of Assets without the transfer or assignment of the Agreement:

22.4.1 Any assignment or transfer of assets without the transfer or the assignment of this Agreement shall be handled pursuant to the terms of this Section. The WSP who is a Party to this Agreement, shall provide **SBC-13STATE** with a ninety (90) calendar day advanced written notice of said asset assignment or transfer. Included in such written notice WSP shall inform **SBC-**

13STATE of the date in which the acquiring WSP will assume financial responsibility of the assets.

22.4.2 For a Transfer of Assets without assumption or assignment of an Agreement, unless otherwise ordered by a bankruptcy court or other governing authority, the acquiring WSP must cure any outstanding debt associated with such transfer of assets.

23.0 SUBCONTRACTING

- 23.1 If either Party retains or engages any subcontractor to perform any of that Party's obligations under this Agreement, each Party will remain fully responsible for the performance of this Agreement in accordance with its terms, including any obligations either Party performs through subcontractors.
- 23.2 Each Party will be solely responsible for payments due to that Party's subcontractors.
- 23.3 No subcontractor will be deemed a Third Party beneficiary for any purposes under this Agreement.
- 23.4 No contract, subcontract or other agreement entered into by either Party with any Third Party in connection with the provision of Interconnection, Network Elements, functions, facilities, products and services hereunder will provide for any indemnity, guarantee or assumption of liability by the other Party to this Agreement with respect to such arrangement, except as consented to in writing by the other Party.
- 23.5 Any subcontractor that gains access to CPNI or Proprietary Information covered by this Agreement shall be required by the subcontracting Party to protect such CPNI or Proprietary Information to the same extent the subcontracting Party is required to protect such CPNI or Proprietary Information under the terms of this Agreement.

24.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION

- 24.1 Each Party shall be solely responsible at its own expense for the proper handling, use, removal, excavation, storage, treatment, transport, disposal, or any other management by such Party or any Person acting on its behalf of all Hazardous Substances and Environmental Hazards introduced to the affected work location and will perform such activities in accordance with Applicable Law.
- 24.2 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement and to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law, **SBC-13STATE** shall, at WSP's request, indemnify, defend, and hold harmless WSP, each of its officers, directors and employees from and against any losses, damages, costs, fines, penalties and expenses (including reasonable attorneys and consultant's fees) of every kind and nature to the extent they are incurred by any of those parties in connection with a claim, demand, suit, or proceeding for damages, penalties, contribution, injunction, or any other kind of relief that is based upon, arises out of, is caused by, or results from: (i) the removal, or disposal from the work location of a Hazardous Substance by **SBC-13STATE** or any person acting on behalf of **SBC-13STATE**, or the subsequent storage, processing, or other handling of such Hazardous Substances after they have been removed from the work location, (ii) the Release of a Hazardous Substance, regardless of its source, by **SBC-13STATE** or any person acting on behalf of **SBC-13STATE**, or (iii) the presence at the work location of an Environmental Hazard for which **SBC-13STATE** is responsible under Applicable Law or a Hazardous Substance introduced into the work location by **SBC-13STATE** or any person acting on behalf of **SBC-13STATE**.
- 24.3 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement and to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law, WSP shall, at **SBC-13STATE**'s request, indemnify, defend, and hold harmless **SBC-**

- 13STATE**, each of its officers, directors and employees from and against any losses, damages, costs, fines, penalties and expenses (including reasonable attorney's and consultant's fees) of every kind and nature to the extent they are incurred by any of those parties in connection with a claim, demand, suit, or proceeding for damages, penalties, contribution, injunction, or any other kind of relief that is based upon, arises out of, is caused by, or results from: (i) the removal or disposal of a Hazardous Substance from the work location by WSP or any person acting on behalf of WSP, or the subsequent storage, processing, or other handling of such Hazardous Substances after they have been removed from the work location, (ii) the Release of a Hazardous Substance, regardless of its source, by WSP or any person acting on behalf of WSP or (iii) the presence at the work location of an Environmental Hazard for which WSP is responsible under Applicable Law or a Hazardous Substance introduced into the work location by WSP or any person acting on behalf of WSP.
- 24.4 For the purposes of this agreement, "Hazardous Substances" means 1) any material or substance that is defined or classified as a hazardous substance, hazardous waste, hazardous material, hazardous chemical, pollutant, or contaminant under any federal, state, or local environmental statute, rule, regulation, ordinance or other Applicable Law dealing with the protection of human health or the environment, 2) petroleum, oil, gasoline, natural gas, fuel oil, motor oil, waste oil, diesel fuel, jet fuel, and other petroleum hydrocarbons, or 3) asbestos and asbestos containing material in any form, and 4) any soil, groundwater, air, or other media contaminated with any of the materials or substances described above.
- 24.5 For the purposes of this agreement, "Environmental Hazard" means 1) the presence of petroleum vapors or other gases in hazardous concentrations in a manhole or other confined space, or conditions reasonably likely to give rise to such concentrations, 2) asbestos containing materials, or 3) any potential hazard that would not be obvious to an individual entering the work location or detectable using work practices standard in the industry.
- 24.6 For the purposes of this agreement, "Release" means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, disposal, or other movement into 1) the work location, or 2) other environmental media, including but not limited to, the air, ground or surface water, or soil.

25.0 FORCE MAJEURE

- 25.1 No Party shall be responsible for delays or failures in performance of any part of this Agreement (other than an obligation to make money payments), except to the extent that such delays or failures in performance are due to the negligence or willful misconduct of such Party, resulting from acts or occurrences beyond the reasonable control of such Party, including, without limitation, acts of nature, acts of civil or military authority, any law, order, regulation, ordinance of any Governmental Authority, embargoes, epidemics, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, hurricanes, floods, work stoppages, equipment failures, cable cuts, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, unusually severe weather conditions, inability to secure products or services of other persons or transportation facilities or acts or omissions of transportation carriers (individually or collectively, a "Force Majeure Event") or any Delaying Event caused by the other Party or any other circumstances beyond the Party's reasonable control. If a Force Majeure Event shall occur, the Party affected shall give prompt notice to the other Party of such Force Majeure Event specifying the nature, date of inception and expected duration of such Force Majeure Event, whereupon such obligation or performance shall be suspended to the extent such Party is affected by such Force Majeure Event during the continuance thereof or be excused from such performance depending on the nature, severity and duration of such Force Majeure Event (and the

other Party shall likewise be excused from performance of its obligations to the extent such Party's obligations relate to the performance so interfered with). The affected Party shall use its reasonable efforts to avoid or remove the cause of nonperformance and the Parties shall give like notice and proceed to perform with dispatch once the causes are removed or cease.

26.0 TAXES

- 26.1 Each Party purchasing Interconnection, network elements, functions, facilities, products and services under this Agreement shall pay or otherwise be responsible for all federal, state, or local sales, use, excise, gross receipts, municipal fees, transfer, transaction or similar taxes, fees, or surcharges (hereinafter "Tax") imposed on, or with respect to, the Interconnection, network elements, functions, facilities, products and services under this Agreement provided by or to such Party, except for (a) any Tax on either Party's corporate existence, status, or income or (b) any corporate franchise Taxes. Whenever possible, Taxes shall be billed as a separate item on the invoice.
- 26.2 With respect to any purchase of Interconnection, network elements, functions, facilities, products and services under this Agreement if any Tax is required or permitted by Applicable Law to be collected from the purchasing Party by the providing Party, then: (i) the providing Party shall bill the purchasing Party for such Tax; (ii) the purchasing Party shall remit such Tax to the providing Party; and (iii) the providing Party shall remit such collected Tax to the applicable taxing authority. Failure to include Taxes on an invoice or to state a Tax separately shall not impair the obligation of the purchasing Party to pay any Tax. Nothing shall prevent the providing Party from paying any Tax to the appropriate taxing authority prior to the time: (1) it bills the purchasing Party for such Tax, or (2) it collects the Tax from the purchasing Party. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the purchasing Party shall be liable for and the providing Party may collect Taxes which were assessed by or paid to an appropriate taxing authority within the statute of limitations period but not included on an invoice within four (4) years after the Tax otherwise was owed or due.
- 26.3 With respect to any purchase hereunder of Interconnection, network elements, functions, facilities, products and services under this Agreement that are resold to a third party, if any Tax is imposed by Applicable Law on the End User in connection with any such purchase, then: (i) the purchasing Party shall be required to impose and/or collect such Tax from the End User; and (ii) the purchasing Party shall remit such Tax to the applicable taxing authority. The purchasing Party agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the providing Party for any costs incurred by the providing Party as a result of actions taken by the applicable taxing authority to collect the Tax from the providing Party due to the failure of the purchasing Party to pay or collect and remit such tax to such authority.
- 26.4 If the providing Party fails to bill or to collect any Tax as required herein, then, as between the providing Party and the purchasing Party: (i) the purchasing Party shall remain liable for such uncollected Tax; and (ii) the providing Party shall be liable for any penalty and interest assessed with respect to such uncollected Tax by such authority. However, if the purchasing Party fails to pay any Taxes properly billed, then, as between the providing Party and the purchasing Party, the purchasing Party will be solely responsible for payment of the Taxes, penalty and interest.
- 26.5 If the purchasing Party fails to impose any Tax on and/or collect any Tax from End Users as required herein, then, as between the providing Party and the purchasing Party, the purchasing Party shall remain liable for such uncollected Tax and any interest and penalty assessed thereon with respect to the uncollected Tax by the applicable taxing authority. With respect to any Tax that the purchasing Party has agreed to pay or impose on and/or collect from End Users, the purchasing Party agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the providing Party for any costs incurred by the providing Party as a

result of actions taken by the applicable taxing authority to collect the Tax from the providing Party due to the failure of the purchasing Party to pay or collect and remit such Tax to such authority.

- 26.6 If either Party is audited by a taxing authority or other Governmental Authority, the other Party agrees to reasonably cooperate with the Party being audited in order to respond to any audit inquiries in a proper and timely manner so that the audit and/or any resulting controversy may be resolved expeditiously.
- 26.7 If Applicable Law excludes or exempts a purchase of Interconnection, network elements, functions, facilities, products and services under this Agreement from a Tax, but does not also provide an exemption procedure, then the providing Party will not collect such Tax if the purchasing Party (a) furnishes the providing Party with a letter signed by an officer of the purchasing Party claiming an exemption and identifying the Applicable Law that both allows such exemption and does not require an exemption certificate; and (b) supplies the providing Party with an indemnification agreement, reasonably acceptable to the providing Party, which holds the providing Party harmless from any tax, interest, penalties, Loss, cost or expense with respect to forbearing to collect such Tax.
- 26.8 With respect to any Tax or Tax controversy covered by this Section 27, the purchasing Party is entitled to contest with the imposing jurisdiction, pursuant to Applicable Law and at its own expense, any Tax that it is ultimately obligated to pay or collect. The purchasing Party will ensure that no lien is attached to any asset of the providing Party as a result of any contest. The purchasing Party shall be entitled to the benefit of any refund or recovery of amounts that it had previously paid resulting from such a contest. Amounts previously paid by the providing Party shall be refunded to the providing Party. The providing Party will cooperate in any such contest provided that all costs and expenses incurred in obtaining a refund or credit for the purchasing Party shall be paid by the Purchasing Party.
- 26.9 All notices, affidavits, exemption certificates or other communications required or permitted to be given by either Party to the other under this Section 27 shall be sent in accordance with Section 12, "Notices" hereof.

27.0 NON-WAIVER

- 27.1 Except as otherwise specified in this Agreement, no waiver of any provision of this Agreement and no consent to any default under this Agreement shall be effective unless the same is in writing and properly executed by or on behalf of the Party against whom such waiver or consent is claimed. Waiver by either Party of any default by the other Party shall not be deemed a waiver of any other default. Failure of either Party to insist on performance of any term or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or privilege hereunder shall not be construed as a continuing or future waiver of such term, condition, right or privilege. No course of dealing or failure of any Party to strictly enforce any term, right, or condition of this Agreement in any instance shall be construed as a general waiver or relinquishment of such term, right or condition.

28.0 NETWORK MAINTENANCE AND MANAGEMENT

- 28.1 The Parties will work cooperatively to implement this Agreement. The Parties will exchange appropriate information (for example, maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the Government, escalation processes, etc.) to achieve this desired result.
- 28.2 Each Party will administer its network to ensure acceptable service levels to all users of its network services. Service levels are generally considered acceptable only when End Users are able to establish connections with little or no delay encountered in the network. Each Party will provide a 24-

- hour contact number for network traffic management issues to the other's surveillance management center and a trouble reporting number.
- 28.3 Each Party maintains the right to implement protective network traffic management controls, such as "cancel to", "call gapping" or 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps, to selectively cancel the completion of traffic over its network, including traffic destined for the other Party's network, when required to protect the public-switched network from congestion as a result of occurrences such as facility failures, switch congestion or failure or focused overload. Each Party shall immediately notify the other Party of any protective control action planned or executed.
- 28.4 Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes shall not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. Expansive controls shall be used only when mutually agreed to by the Parties.
- 28.5 The Parties shall cooperate and share pre-planning information regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public-switched network, including any disruption or loss of service to the other Party's End Users. Facsimile (FAX) numbers must be exchanged by the Parties to facilitate event notifications for planned mass calling events.
- 28.6 Neither Party shall use any Interconnection, Network Element, function, facility, product or service provided under this Agreement or any other service related thereto or used in combination therewith in any manner that interferes with or impairs service over any facilities of **SBC-13STATE**, its affiliated companies or other connecting Telecommunications Carriers, prevents any Telecommunications Carrier from using its Telecommunications Service, impairs the quality or the privacy of Telecommunications Service to other Telecommunications Carriers or to either Party's End Users, causes hazards to either Party's personnel or the public, damage to either Party's or any connecting Telecommunications Carrier's facilities or equipment, including any malfunction of ordering or billing systems or equipment. Upon such occurrence either Party may discontinue or refuse service, but only for so long as the other Party is violating this provision. Upon any such violation, either Party shall provide the other Party notice of the violation at the earliest practicable time.
- 28.7 The Parties shall cooperate to establish separate, dedicated Trunks for the completion of calls to high volume End Users.
- 28.8 WSP and **SBC-13STATE** will work cooperatively to install and maintain a reliable network. WSP and **SBC-13STATE** will exchange appropriate information (e.g., maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the government and such other information as the Parties shall mutually agree) to achieve this desired reliability.
- 28.9 WSP shall acknowledge calls in accordance with the following protocols.
- 28.9.1 WSP will provide a voice intercept announcement or distinctive tone signals to the calling party when a call is directed to a number that is not assigned by WSP.
- 28.9.2 WSP will provide a voice announcement or distinctive tone signals to the calling party when a call has been received and accepted by WSP's MSC.
- 28.10 When WSP's MSC is not able to complete calls because of a malfunction in the MSC or other equipment, WSP will either divert the call to its operator, or provide a recorded announcement to the calling party advising that the call cannot be completed.

- 28.11 WSP will provide supervisory tones or voice announcements to the calling party on all calls, consistent with standard telephone industry practices.
- 28.12 Nothing in this Agreement shall limit either Party's ability to upgrade its network through the incorporation of new equipment, new software or otherwise. Each Party agrees to comply with the Network Disclosure rules adopted by the FCC in CC Docket No. 96-98, Second Report and Order, codified at 47 C.F.R. 51.325 through 51.335, as such rules may be amended from time to time (the "Network Disclosure Rules").

29.0 SIGNALING

- 29.1 Signaling Protocol. SS7 Signaling is **SBC-13STATE**'s preferred method for signaling. Where multi-frequency signaling is currently used, the Parties agree to use their best efforts to convert to SS7. Notwithstanding Section 29.3, if SS7 services are provided by **SBC-13STATE**, they will be provided in the applicable access tariffs. Where multi-frequency signaling is currently used, the Parties agree, below, to Interconnect their networks using multi-frequency ("MF") or ("DTMF") signaling, subject to availability at the End Office Switch or Tandem Switch at which Interconnection occurs. The Parties acknowledge that the use of MF signaling may not be optimal. **SBC-13STATE** will not be responsible for correcting any undesirable characteristics, service problems or performance problems that are associated with MF/SS7 inter-working or the signaling protocol required for Interconnection with WSP employing MF signaling.
- 29.2 Parties directly or, where applicable, through their third-party provider, will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") messages to facilitate interoperability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS Features and functions, to the extent each Party offers such features and functions to its End Users. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including, without limitation, Calling Party Number ("CPN"), originating line information ("OLI"), calling party category and charge number.
- 29.3 WSP shall use a Third Party SS7 provider and, in such instance, the Parties shall not charge one another for SS7 signaling.

30. TRANSMISSION OF TRAFFIC TO THIRD PARTIES

- 30.1 WSP will not send to **SBC-13STATE** local traffic that is destined for the network of a Third Party unless WSP has the authority to exchange traffic with that Third Party.

31.0 END USER INQUIRIES

- 32.1 Each Party will refer all questions regarding the other Party's services or products directly to the other Party at a telephone number specified by that Party.
- 32.2 Each Party will ensure that representatives who receive inquiries regarding the other Party's services:
- 32.2.1 Provide the number described in Section 31.1 to callers who inquire about the other Party's services or products; and
- 32.2.2 Do not in any way disparage or discriminate against the other Party or its products or services.
- 32.3 Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, WSP shall be the primary point of contact for WSP's End Users with respect to the services WSP provides such End Users.

33.0 EXPENSES

33.1 Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, each Party will be solely responsible for its own expenses involved in all activities related to the matters covered by this Agreement.

34.0 CONFLICT OF INTEREST

34.1 The Parties represent that no employee or agent of either Party has been or will be employed, retained, or paid a fee, or has otherwise received or will receive any personal compensation or consideration from the other Party, or from any of the other Party's employees or agents, in connection with the negotiation of this Agreement or any associated documents.

35.0 SURVIVAL OF OBLIGATIONS

35.1 The Parties' obligations under this Agreement, which by their nature are intended to continue beyond the termination or expiration of this Agreement, shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of these General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to continue beyond the termination or expiration of this Agreement: Sections 4.5; 4.6, 5, 6, 7, 9 10, 11, 13, 14, 16, 18.4, 19.3, 25, 27, and 36.

36.0 SCOPE OF AGREEMENT

36.1 This Agreement is intended to describe and enable specific Interconnection and compensation arrangements between the Parties. This Agreement is the arrangement under which the Parties may purchase from each other the products and services described in Section 251 of the Act and obtain approval of such arrangement under Section 252 of the Act. Except as agreed upon in writing, neither Party shall be required to provide the other Party a function, facility, product, service or arrangement described in the Act that is not expressly provided herein.

36.2 Except as specifically contained herein or provided by the FCC or any Commission within its lawful jurisdiction, nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to affect any access charge arrangement.

37.0 AMENDMENTS AND MODIFICATIONS

37.1 No provision of this Agreement shall be deemed amended or modified by either Party unless such amendment or modification is in writing, dated, and signed by authorized representatives of both Parties. The rates, terms and conditions contained in the amendment shall become effective upon approval of such amendment by the appropriate Commission(s).

37.2 Neither Party shall be bound by any preprinted terms additional to or different from those in this Agreement that may appear subsequently in the other Party's form documents, purchase orders, quotations, acknowledgments, invoices or other communications.

37.3 If either Party proposes to make any permanent changes in the arrangements provided for in this Agreement, or any Attachments, or any permanent change in its operations that would affect the other Party's operations or services once the Trunks, apparatus, equipment, or any other item furnished by the Parties under this Agreement are installed, the changing Party shall give reasonable advance written notice to the other Party of such changes, advising when such changes will be made. All such changes shall be coordinated with the non-changing Party. Nothing in this Section shall affect the Parties' rights and obligations under this Agreement.

37.4 Subject to specific provisions herein to the contrary, each Party shall be solely responsible, at its expense, for the overall design of its services and for any redesigning or rearrangement of its services that may be required because of changes in Facilities, Trunks, operations or procedures of the other Party, minimum network protection criteria, or operating or maintenance characteristics of the Trunks.

38.0 AUTHORIZATION

38.1 SBC-13STATE represents and warrants that it is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, that SBC Telecommunications, Inc. has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement as agent for SBC-13STATE, and that SBC-13STATE has full power and authority to perform its obligations hereunder.

38.2 WSP represents and warrants that it is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder.

38.3 Each Party warrants that it has obtained or will obtain prior to operating under this Agreement, all-necessary jurisdictional licenses, authorizations and/or certifications required in those jurisdictions in which it will order services or Facilities or will operate under this Agreement. Upon request, each Party shall provide proof of such licenses, authorizations and/or certification.

39.0 ENTIRE AGREEMENT

39.1 SBC-12STATE

39.1.1 The terms contained in this Agreement and any Appendices, Attachments, Exhibits, Schedules, and Addenda constitute the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, superseding all prior understandings, proposals and other communications, oral or written between the Parties during the negotiations of this Agreement and through the execution and/or Effective Date of this Agreement. This Agreement shall not operate as or constitute a novation of any agreement or contract between the Parties that predates the execution and/or Effective Date of this Agreement.

40.0 MULTIPLE COUNTERPARTS

40.1 This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but such counterparts together constitute one and the same document.

41.0 DIALING PARITY

41.1 SBC-13STATE agrees that local dialing parity will be available to WSP in accordance with the Act.

42.0 REMEDIES

42.1 Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, no remedy set forth herein is intended to be exclusive and each and every remedy shall be cumulative and in addition to any other rights or remedies now or hereafter existing under Applicable Law or otherwise.

43.0 NUMBERING

43.1 It shall be the responsibility of each Party to program and update its own switches and network systems to recognize and route traffic to the other Party's assigned NPA-NXXs at all times. Neither SBC-

13STATE nor WSP shall charge each other for changes to switch routing software necessitated by the opening of NPAs or NXXs.

- 43.2 The Parties shall comply with Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines, as currently specified in INC 95-0407-008, in performing the electronic input of their respective number assignment information into the Routing Database System.
- 43.3 To the extent that the WSP's dedicated NPA-NXX resides at a point in **SBC-13STATE** network, then the Parties shall cooperate to reassign the routing V&H and the Common Language Location Identifier ("CLLI") of dedicated NPA-NXX(s) from **SBC-13STATE**'s Tandems to points within WSP's network as designated by WSP. WSP agrees that it shall use best efforts to complete the reassignment of its dedicated NPA-NXX(s) into its network. The Parties agree to cooperate in order to complete the transfer of all codes no later than the end of twelve months from the Effective Date. Until an NPA-NXX is reassigned, it will continue to be assigned to **SBC-13STATE**'s network as shown in the LERG.
- 43.4 **SBC-13STATE** will forward a confirmation to WSP in response to WSP's request to add WSP's NPA-NXXs to interconnection trunks, when WSP submits such a request accompanied by an ASR without service and using the remarks section to refer to the NPA-NXX form. This NPA-NXX installation request will be treated as a no-charge order.

44.0 NUMBER PORTABILITY

- 44.1 Both Parties will provide switch translations and billing contact points regarding the establishment of or modification to full number blocks. The Parties shall provide to each other Permanent Number Portability (PNP) on a reciprocal basis in accordance with an effective FCC Order.

**SBC-13STATE Cellular/PCS Interconnection Agreement
Signatures**

THIS AGREEMENT CONTAINS A BINDING ARBITRATION PROVISION WHICH MAY BE ENFORCED BY THE PARTIES.

**United States Cellular Corporation
Green Bay CellTelCo
Kenosha Cellular Telephone, LP
LaCrosse Cellular Telephone Company, Inc.
Madison Cellular Telephone Company
PCS Wisconsin, LLC
Racine Cellular Telephone Company and /or
United States Cellular Operating Company, LLC**

**Southwestern Bell Telephone, L. P. d/b/a SBC
Wisconsin by SBC Operations, Inc., its authorized
agent**

Signature: _____

Signature: _____

Name : Michael Irizarry

Name: _____
(Print or Type)

Title: CTO/EVP Engineering

Title: AVP-Local Interconnection Marketing

Date: _____

Date: _____

**United States Cellular Corporation Licensed Entities Operating in
Wisconsin**

<i>State</i>	<i>Licensee</i>	<i>Name registered with the Sec of State</i>	<i>Place of Incorporation</i>
WI	Green Bay CellTelCo	Same	a Washington, D.C. general partnership
WI	Kenosha Cellular Telephone, LP	Same	a Delaware limited partnership
WI	LaCrosse Cellular Telephone Company, Inc.	Same	a Delaware corporation
WI	Madison Cellular Telephone Company	Same	a Wisconsin general partnership
WI	PCS Wisconsin, LLC	Same	a Wisconsin limited liability company
WI	Racine Cellular Telephone Company	Same	a Wisconsin general partnership
WI	United States Cellular Operating Company, LLC	Same	a Delaware limited liability company

APPENDIX NIM (NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS)

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APPENDIX NIM (NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for Interconnection provided by SBC-13STATE and WSP.
- 1.2 Interconnection shall be provided at a level of quality equal to that which SBC-13STATE provides to itself, a subsidiary, an Affiliate, or any other Telecommunications Carrier.
- 1.3 In the event the Parties deploy new switches after the Effective Date, the Parties will provide reasonable advance notice of such change and will work cooperatively to accomplish all necessary network changes.
- 1.4 WSP may designate the interface it wants to receive from the following: Trunk Side terminations at voice grade, DS0 or DS1 level.
- 1.5 WSP and SBC-13STATE will interconnect directly in each LATA in which they exchange Local Calls and Switched Access Services traffic. Inter-tandem switching is not provided and Facility meet points must be within the SBC-13STATE service area.
- 1.6 Facilities will be planned for in accordance with the trunk forecasts exchanged between the Parties as described in Appendix ITR

2. POINT OF INTERCONNECTION OPTIONS

- 2.1 WSP and SBC-13STATE shall mutually agree on a POI for each Facility with Trunks utilized to carry traffic between their respective networks. A POI may be located at:
 - 2.1.1 the SBC-13STATE Wire Center where the Facilities terminate for WSP to SBC-13STATE Authorized Services traffic,
 - 2.1.2 WSP's office where the Facilities terminate for SBC-13STATE to WSP Authorized Services traffic, or
 - 2.1.3 another, mutually agreeable location.
- 2.2 A POI shall not be located across a LATA boundary, nor more than a distance of 14 miles (or the State's defined local calling area, whichever is greater), from the SBC13-State Central Office Switch where the Facility connection is established. WSP is responsible for the cost of Facilities beyond 14 miles.

3. TERMS AND COMPENSATION FOR USE OF FACILITIES

- 3.1 Each Party shall be responsible for providing its own or leased transport Facilities to route calls to and from the POI. Each Party may construct its own Facilities, it may purchase or lease these Facilities from a Third Party, or it may purchase or lease these Facilities from the other Party, if available, pursuant to access services tariff or separate contract.
- 3.2 The Parties will connect their networks (*i.e.*, to and from the SBC-13STATE Central Office Switch where the Facility connection is established) using digital Facilities of at least DS-1 transmission rates ("DS-1 Facilities"), where available.
- 3.3 The following shall apply solely for Facilities connecting the Parties networks dedicated for transport of Interconnection traffic and for transport of Transit Traffic.
 - 3.3.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, SBC-13STATE shall not have dedicated transport obligations over, nor shall it have any obligation to share the cost of, Facilities between the Parties' networks that cross a LATA boundary from the SBC-13STATE Central Office Switch where the Facility connection is established.

In calculating the shared cost of Facilities, WSP is responsible for the proportionate share of the Facilities and/or Trunks used to deliver Transit Traffic to WSP's network under this Agreement.

- 3.3.2 Absent agreement of the Parties to the contrary, the cost of shared DS-1 Facilities will be split between the Parties either on relative actual traffic volumes (if the Parties can measure actual traffic volumes in both directions) or, in the absence of actual traffic measurement capabilities, according to the Shared Facility Factor listed in Appendix – Pricing (Wireless). Should the Parties desire to share the cost of Facilities larger than DS-1 Facilities, they will separately negotiate terms for such sharing.
- 3.3.3 Each Party reserves the right to refuse or discontinue the use of a shared Facilities arrangement provided by the other Party, the Facilities provided directly by the other Party or via a Third Party. This provision does not negate any obligations either Party may have regarding such Facilities, such as but not limited to, term and notice provisions.
- 3.3.5 When a Party uses its own Facilities (either through self-provisioning, or through the purchase of Facilities from the other Party or from Third Parties) to deliver one-way traffic from its network to the POI, such Party shall provide such Facilities at its sole cost and expense.
- 3.3.6 When a Party uses Facilities provided by the other Party (either through self provisioning, or through the purchase of Facilities from the other Party or from Third Parties) to deliver traffic from its network that are (a) dedicated to the transmission of Authorized Services traffic between the Parties' networks, and (b) are shared by the Parties, such Party will reimburse the other Party for a proportionate share of the cost of Facilities. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if WSP obtains shared Facilities from a Third Party, nothing herein shall obligate SBC-13STATE to reimburse WSP for those Facilities.
- 3.3.6.1 If either Party can measure the actual amount of traffic delivered to it in minutes of use over such Facilities the Parties will negotiate compensation arrangements for the allocation of the cost of such Facilities. SBC-13STATE's use of such Facilities is equal to the amount of traffic originated on its network and terminated on WSP's network; WSP's use of such Facilities and/or Trunks is the sum of the following: (1) the amount of traffic originated on WSP's network delivered to SBC-13STATE's network, and (2) the amount of Transit Traffic delivered to WSP's network by SBC-13STATE.
- 3.3.6.2 If the Parties can not measure the actual amount of traffic delivered in both directions over such Facilities and/or Trunks, or cannot distinguish Transit Traffic from local traffic in the land-to-mobile direction, during the term hereof (in order to calculate the actual proportion of usage of such Facilities and/or Trunks by each Party), the Party, who is delivering Interconnection traffic originating on its network through Facilities and/or Trunks provided by the other Party, shall pay to the other Party providing such Facilities and/or Trunks the costs of such Facilities and/or Trunks times the difference of 1 minus the Shared Facility Factor set forth in Appendix – Pricing (Wireless); provided, however, that either Party may submit to the other Party a traffic study, a reasonable estimate of its traffic with supporting justification for such estimate, and/or other network information in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith)("Shared Facility Information") that the Parties will use to negotiate in good faith a different WSP-specific Shared Facility Factor. In computing the Shared Facility Factor, the amount of traffic originating on SBC-13STATE's network delivered to WSP's network shall be compared to the sum of the following: (1) the amount of traffic originating on WSP's network delivered to SBC-13STATE's network, and (2) the amount of Transit Traffic delivered to WSP's network by SBC-13STATE. The Shared Facility Information must be WSP-specific and relate to WSP's network in the State; it shall not be based on industry average data or the data of other Telecommunications Carriers. If such Shared Facility Information is provided within ninety (90) Days after the date this Agreement is executed by duly authorized representatives of both Parties, then any WSP-

specific Shared Facility Factor derived using such Shared Facility Information shall be effective as of the date on which the Shared Facility Information was provided in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith) to the other Party, but no earlier than the Effective Date of this Agreement; otherwise, the WSP-specific Shared Facility Factor will be effective as of the date the Shared Facility Information was provided in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith) to the other Party. Any WSP-specific Shared Facility Factor that becomes effective during the Initial Term of the Agreement will remain in effect during the Initial Term of the Agreement. After the expiration of the Initial Term hereof, such WSP-specific Shared Facility Factor established during the Initial Term shall remain in effect thereafter unless either Party provides new Shared Facility Information to the other Party. In such case, the Parties shall use that new WSP-specific Shared Facility Information to renegotiate in good faith a new revised WSP-specific Shared Facility Factor. Renegotiation of the WSP-specific Shared Facility Factor shall occur no more frequently than once every twenty-four months.

4. ANCILLARY SERVICES TRAFFIC

- 4.1 When delivering Ancillary Services traffic to **SBC-13STATE**, WSP shall provide Facilities and connections in each LATA dedicated solely for Ancillary Services traffic. Ancillary Service traffic requires a dedicated DS-1 Facility. The connection used must be an Ancillary Services Connection.
- 4.2 For the provision of 911 and/or E911 Services, WSP may provide its own Facilities or purchase Facilities from a Third Party to connect its network with **SBC-13STATE**'s 911 Tandem. Alternatively, WSP may purchase appropriate Facilities from **SBC-13STATE**'s applicable Access Services Tariff.
 - 4.2.1 This Section 4.2.1 applies only in states where Type 2C interfaces are generally available from **SBC-13STATE**. As a further alternative in such states, WSP may purchase Facilities employing a Type 2C interface from **SBC-13STATE** at rates found in the special access service section of **SBC-13STATE**'s Intrastate Access Services Tariff.

5. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 5.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions; interpretation, construction and severability; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; billing and payment of charges; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnity; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks and service marks; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local Exchange Service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement and civil process; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; no third Party beneficiaries, disclaimer of agency; assignment; subcontracting; environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; End User inquiries; expenses; conflict of interest; survival of obligations, scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

APPENDIX ITR (Interconnection Trunking Requirements)

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APPENDIX ITR (INTERCONNECTION TRUNKING REQUIREMENTS)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix provides descriptions of the trunking requirements between WSP and **SBC-13STATE**. The paragraphs herein describe the required and optional Interconnection Trunk Groups for local/intraLATA, IXC trunks, mass calling, 911/E911, Operator Services and Directory Assistance traffic.
- 1.2 **SBC-13STATE** and WSP exchange traffic over their networks in connection with WSP's Authorized Services in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. WSP shall deliver all Interconnection traffic destined to terminate on **SBC-13STATE**'s network through Interconnection Trunks obtained pursuant to this Agreement. This Agreement is not intended to allow for the exchange of Paging Traffic between the Parties' respective networks. If the Parties have Paging Traffic to exchange, a separate interconnection agreement must be negotiated to address that traffic.

2. TRUNKING DESCRIPTIONS

- 2.1 Type 1: Provides a one-way Trunk Side connection between an **SBC-13STATE** end office and WSP's network. Type 1 Trunks will be used solely for the transmission and routing of Ancillary Services traffic.
- 2.2 Type 2A: Provides a Trunk Side connection between an **SBC-13STATE** Tandem Switch and WSP's network. WSP to **SBC-13STATE** traffic on such an Interconnection Trunk Group must be destined for an NPA-NXX residing in an **SBC-13STATE** End Office Switch that homes on that **SBC-13STATE** Tandem Switch. Type 2A Trunks can be one-way or two-way.
- 2.3 Type 2A Local/Equal Access Combined Trunk Group: Provides a Trunk Side connection between WSP's network and an **SBC-7STATE** Access Tandem. Local/Equal Access Trunk Groups carry interexchange access traffic and local traffic. This Trunk Group requires an interface utilizing equal access signaling.
- 2.4 Type 2A Equal Access Trunk Group: Provides a Trunk Side connection between WSP's network and an **SBC-13STATE** Access Tandem. Equal Access Trunk Groups carry interexchange access traffic. This Trunk Group requires an interface utilizing equal access signaling.
 - 2.4.1 In **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** and **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, a separate Type 2A Equal Access Trunk Group is required when **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** and **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE** is not able to record WSP-originated traffic to an IXC. WSP will also provide to **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** and **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, using industry standard data record formats, recordings of all calls (both Completed Calls and attempts) to IXCs from WSP's network using Trunks employing a Type 2A connection.
- 2.5 Type 2B: Provides a Trunk Side connection between WSP's network and **SBC-12STATE** End Office Switch providing the capability to access only subscribers served by that End Office Switch. Type 2B is a one-way mobile-to-land or land-to-mobile trunk group (and two-way, where available) and is available where facilities and equipment permit. Type 2B is not offered at DMS 10, Ericsson and 1AESS switches.
- 2.6 Type 2C: Provides a one-way terminating Trunk Side connection between WSP's MSC and **SBC-13STATE**'s 911 Tandem equipped to provide access to E911 services.
- 2.7 Type 2D: Provides a direct voice-grade transmission path to a LEC Operator Services System (OSS) switch.
 - 2.7.1 Directory Assistance and/or Operator Services traffic may be delivered through a dedicated Trunk Group to an **SBC-13STATE** Operator Services switch.

3. TRUNK REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 Trunk Groups for the exchange of Authorized Services will be established between the Parties switches.

- 3.2 WSP shall trunk to all **SBC-13STATE** Tandems in each LATA from its MSC where WSP desires to exchange local and intraLATA traffic or, in the event WSP has no MSC in the LATA, from WSP's designated POI(s) within the LATA.
- 3.3 **SBC-13STATE** provided Type 1 interfaces will be as described above. Any non-Trunk Side Message Treatment (TSMT) form of Type 1 interface will be eliminated within ninety (90) Days of the Effective Date.
- 3.4 Direct End Office Trunking
 - 3.4.1 Notwithstanding the foregoing, where two-way Type 2B Trunks are available, the Parties shall establish a two-way DEOT when the sum of the actual or projected total end office mobile-to-land and land-to-mobile traffic requires twenty-four (24) or more Trunks or when **SBC-13STATE**'s End Office Switch does not subtend an **SBC-13STATE** Tandem Switch. Pursuant to Section 5.8.1 of this Agreement, Trunk requirements shall be based upon time consistent average busy season busy hour twenty (20) Day averaged loads applied to industry standard Neal-Wilkinson Trunk Group Capacity algorithms (use Medium day-to-day Variation and 1.0 Peakedness factor until actual traffic data is available) for all final Trunk Groups. If the DEOT is designed to overflow, the traffic will be alternate routed to the appropriate **SBC-13STATE** Tandem. DEOT's established as direct finals will not overflow from either direction to any alternate route. One-way and two-way DEOTs to any **SBC-13STATE** End Office Switches not subtending **SBC-13STATE** Tandem Switches shall be established as direct finals. In both the one-way and two-way DEOT scenario, DEOT will be established when the required traffic level reaches 24 or more trunks for three consecutive months.
 - 3.4.2 The Party's may establish or will migrate from one-way to two-way DEOT's when the two-way service becomes available in each **SBC-13STATE** location.
 - 3.4.3 Should WSP fail to comply with this Section 3.4, **SBC-13STATE** reserves the right, at its sole discretion, to restrict provisioning of additional trunks at the Tandem.
- 3.5 High Volume Call In (HVCI) / Mass Calling (Choke) Trunk Group: **SBC-12STATE**
 - 3.5.1 A dedicated Trunk Group shall be required to the designated Public Response HVCI/Mass Calling Network Access Tandem in each serving area. This Trunk Group shall be one-way outgoing only and shall utilize MF signaling. As the HVCI/Mass Calling Trunk Group is designed to block all excessive attempts toward HVCI/Mass Calling NXXs, it is necessarily exempt from the one percent blocking standard described elsewhere for other final local Interconnection Trunk Groups. WSP will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way Trunk Group. The Parties will not exchange live traffic until successful testing is completed by both Parties.
 - 3.5.1.1 This Trunk Group shall be sized to a minimum of 2 trunks and a maximum of 4 trunks.
 - 3.5.2 If WSP should acquire a HVCI/Mass Calling End User (e.g., a radio station), WSP shall notify **SBC-12STATE** at least sixty (60) Days in advance of the need to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF Trunk Group from the **SBC-12STATE** HVCI/Mass Calling Serving Office to the WSP End User's serving office. WSP will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way Trunk Group.
 - 3.5.2.1 If WSP finds it necessary to issue a new choke telephone number to a new or existing HVCI/Mass Calling End User, the WSP may request a meeting to coordinate with **SBC-12STATE** the assignment of HVCI/Mass Calling telephone number from the existing choke NXX. In the event that the WSP establishes a new choke NXX, WSP must notify **SBC-12STATE** a minimum of ninety (90) Days prior to deployment of the new HVCI/Mass Calling NXX. **SBC-12STATE** will perform the necessary translations in its end offices and Tandem(s) and issue ASR's to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF trunk group from the **SBC-12STATE** Public Response HVCI/Mass Calling Network Access Tandem to the WSP's choke serving office.

3.5.3 In **SBC CONNECTICUT**, where HVCI/Mass Calling NXXs have not been established, the Parties agree to utilize "call gapping" as the method to control high volumes of calls, where technically feasible in the originating switch, to specific high volume End Users or in situations such as those described in Section 28, "Network Maintenance and Management" of the General Terms and Conditions.

3.6 911/E911

3.6.1 See Appendix Wireless Emergency Number Services Access (E911) for trunk requirements.

4. TRUNK FORECASTING

- 4.1 WSP agrees to provide Trunk forecasts to assist in the planning and provisioning of Interconnection Trunk Groups and Facilities.
- 4.2 WSP will provide a Trunk forecast prior to initial implementation, and subsequent forecasts will be provided to **SBC-13STATE** upon request, as often as twice a year. The forecast shall include yearly forecasted Trunk quantities (which include measurements that reflect actual Tandem local Interconnection and InterLATA Trunks, end office local Interconnection Trunks, and Tandem subtending local Interconnection end office equivalent Trunk requirements) for a minimum of three (current plus 2 future) years.
- 4.3 Revised Trunk forecasts will be provided by WSP whenever there are significant increases or decreases in trunking demand than reflected in previously submitted forecasts.
- 4.4 Trunk forecasts shall include yearly forecasted Trunk quantities by Tandem and subtending end offices. Identification of each Trunk will be by the "from" and "to" Common Language Location Identifiers (CLLI), as described in Telcordia Technologies documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100.
- 4.5 The Parties agree to meet to review each submitted forecast.

5. TRUNK PROVISIONING

- 5.1 WSP will be responsible for ordering all Interconnection Trunk Groups.
- 5.2 Orders from WSP to **SBC-13STATE** to establish, add, change, or disconnect Trunks shall be submitted using **SBC-13STATE**'s applicable ordering system. Two-way Trunk Groups may only be used for the delivery of traffic in both directions.
- 5.3 Orders that comprise a major project that directly impacts the other Party will be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders, or related activities between and among **SBC-13STATE** and WSP work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Trunk Groups in an area, designated NPA-NXX relocations, re-homes, facility grooming or major network rearrangements.
- 5.4 Due dates for the installation of Trunk Groups covered by this Appendix shall be based on each of the **SBC-13STATE**'s intrastate switched access intervals.
- 5.5 Trunk Servicing
 - 5.5.1 The Parties will jointly manage the capacity of Trunk Groups. A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) will be sent by **SBC-13STATE** to notify the WSP to establish or make modifications to existing Trunk Groups. WSP will issue an ASR to **SBC-13STATE**'s Wireless Access Service Center, to begin the provisioning process:
 - 5.5.1.1 Within ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the TGSR or other notification; or
 - 5.5.1.2 At any time as a result of WSP's own capacity management assessment.
 - 5.5.2 Upon review of the TGSR, if a Party does not agree with the resizing, the Parties will schedule a joint planning discussion to take place and conclude within twenty (20) Business Days of WSP's receipt of the TGSR. At the joint planning discussion, the Parties will resolve and mutually agree to the disposition of the TGSR.

- 5.5.3 If **SBC-13STATE** does not receive an ASR, or if the WSP does not respond to the TGSR by scheduling a joint discussion within the twenty (20) Business Day period, **SBC-13STATE** will attempt to contact WSP to schedule a joint planning discussion. If WSP will not agree to meet within an additional five (5) Business Days and present adequate reason for keeping Trunks operational, **SBC-13STATE** will issue an ASR to resize the Interconnection Trunks and Facilities.
- 5.6 Trunk servicing responsibilities for Operator Services trunks used for stand-alone Operator Service or Directory Assistance are the sole responsibility of the WSP.
- 5.7 Utilization
- 5.7.1 Underutilization of Trunks exists when provisioned capacity is greater than the current need. This over provisioning is an inefficient deployment and use of network resources and results in unnecessary costs. Those situations where more capacity exists than actual usage requires will be handled in the following manner:
- 5.7.1.1 If a Trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%) of busy hour centum call seconds (ccs) capacity on a monthly average basis for each month of any consecutive three (3) month-period, either Party may request to have the Trunk Group resized, the Trunk Group shall not be left with more than twenty-five percent (25%) excess capacity. Neither Party will unreasonably refuse a request to resize the Trunk Group. In all cases, grade of service objectives shall be maintained.
- 5.7.1.2 If an alternate final Trunk Group is at seventy-five percent (75%) utilization or greater, a TGSR may be sent to the WSP for the final and all subtending high usage Trunk Groups that are contributing a DS1 or greater amount of overflow to the final route.
- 5.8 Design Blocking Criteria
- 5.8.1 Trunk requirements for forecasting and servicing shall be based on the blocking objectives shown in Table 1. Trunk requirements shall be based upon time consistent average busy season busy hour twenty (20) Day averaged loads applied to industry standard Neal-Wilkinson Trunk Group Capacity algorithms (use Medium day-to-day Variation and 1.0 Peakedness factor until actual traffic data is available) for all final Trunk Groups.

TABLE 1

<u>Trunk Group Type</u>	<u>Design Blocking Objective</u>
Type 2A	1%
Type 2A Equal Access (IXC)	0.5%
Type 2B (Direct Final)	2%
Type 2B (Primary High)	ECCS*
Type 2C (911)	1%
Type 2D (Operator Services (DA/DACC))	1%
Type 1 (Operator Services (0+, 0-))	1%

*During implementation the Parties will mutually agree on an Economic Centum Call Seconds (ECCS) or some other means for the sizing of this Trunk Group.

- 5.8.2 When Trunks exceed measured blocking thresholds on an average time consistent busy hour for a twenty (20) Business Day study period, the Parties shall cooperate to increase the Trunks to the above blocking criteria in a timely manner. The Parties agree that twenty (20) Business Days is the study period duration objective.

6. ROUTING & RATING

- 6.1 Each NPA-NXX must have a single Rating Point and that Rating Point must be associated with a **SBC-13STATE** End Office Switch or other end office switches sub-tending the **SBC-13STATE** Tandem Switch where a Type 2A Trunk Group is located or the End Office Switch where a Type 2B or Type 1 Trunk Group

- is located; provided however, that the Rating Point may be designated anywhere in the LATA when the Commission so rules in a proceeding binding **SBC-13STATE**. The Rating Point does not have to be the same as the Routing Point.
- 6.2 All terminating traffic delivered by WSP to a Tandem Switch destined for publicly dialable NPA-NXXs that do not home on that Tandem Switch is misrouted. **SBC-13STATE** shall provide notice to WSP pursuant to the Notices provisions of this Agreement that such misrouting has occurred. In the notice, WSP shall be given thirty (30) Days to cure such misrouting or such traffic may be blocked.
 - 6.3 The Parties shall deliver all traffic destined for the other Party's network in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.
 - 6.4 For Type 2 Trunk Groups (*i.e.*, Type 2A and Type 2B), WSP will obtain its own NXX codes from the administrator and will be responsible for: (a) LERG administration, including updates, and (b) all Code opening information necessary for routing traffic on these Trunk Groups.
 - 6.5 It is the responsibility of WSP to negotiate Interconnection and traffic transport and termination arrangements directly with other Telecommunications Carriers. **SBC-13STATE** will deliver all appropriately routed calls destined to WSP regardless of the Telecommunications Carrier originating the call. Other than delivering the call, **SBC-13STATE** has no responsibility for traffic routed through another Telecommunications Carrier's network to **SBC-13STATE**'s Tandem Switch destined for WSP's MSC.
 - 6.6 **SBC-13STATE** will not route traffic to WSP via a third party tandem. WSP shall not route traffic to **SBC-13STATE** via a third party tandem.
 - 6.7 If either Party originates Local Calls traffic destined for termination to the other Party, but delivers that traffic to the other Party using the Facilities of a Third Party Telecommunications Carrier, the terminating Party shall be entitled to charge transport and termination rates as set forth in Appendix-Pricing (Wireless) to the originating Party. Any charges imposed by the Third Party Telecommunications Carrier are the responsibility of the originating Party. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, neither Party is responsible for payment of such transport and termination rates for traffic destined to the other Party when the calling party is the end user of an IXC and not the End User of a Party for the call, or when an IXC delivers traffic directly to the network of the terminating Party and such IXC is subject to terminating access charges imposed by the terminating Party.
 - 6.8 WSP shall not route over the Interconnection Trunks provided pursuant to this Agreement terminating traffic it receives from or through an IXC that is destined for **SBC-13STATE**'s End Office Switches.
 - 6.9 WSP shall not deliver traffic to **SBC-13STATE** under this Agreement from a non-CMRS Telecommunications Carrier.
 - 6.10 All traffic received by **SBC-13STATE** at an End Office Switch from the WSP must terminate to that end office. End Offices Switches do not perform Tandem-switching functions.

7. TRANSIT TRAFFIC

- 7.1 Transit Traffic is intraMTA (local) traffic originated by WSP's End User that terminates to a Third Party (*e.g.*, CMRS provider or LEC) subtending a **SBC-13STATE** Tandem. Transit Traffic may not route via an **SBC-13STATE** End Office Switch and does not terminate to an **SBC-13STATE** End User.
- 7.2 **SBC-13STATE** will deliver calls destined to WSP regardless of the Third Party originating the call. **SBC-13STATE** has no responsibility for traffic routed from another Telecommunications Carrier's network to **SBC-13STATE**'s Tandem Switch destined for WSP's MSC.
- 7.3 When Transit Traffic through the **SBC-13STATE** Tandem requires twenty-four (24) or more trunks to any subtending Third Party switch, WSP shall establish a direct trunk group between itself and the Third Party switch, upon request from **SBC-13STATE**. When direct trunk groups are established between WSP and the subtending Third Party switch, WSP will cease routing Transit Traffic through **SBC-13STATE** Tandem to such Third Party switch.

- 7.4 If WSP does not establish direct trunking for delivery of traffic as described above, **SBC-13STATE** reserves the right to cease delivery of such traffic.

8. TRUNK DATA EXCHANGE

- 8.1 A Trunk Group utilization report (TIKI) is available upon request. The report is provided in MS-Excel format.

9. TRANSMISSION AND ROUTING OF AND COMPENSATION FOR EXCHANGE ACCESS SERVICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(c)(2)

- 9.1 This Section 9 provides the terms and conditions for the exchange of traffic between WSP's End Users and **SBC-13STATE**'s End Users for the transmission and routing of and compensation for Switched Access Services traffic.

9.2 IXC Traffic.

9.2.1 All traffic between WSP and the **SBC-13STATE** Access Tandem or combined local/Access Tandem that has been routed from an interexchange carrier ("IXC") connected with such **SBC-13STATE** Access Tandem or combined local/Access Tandem to be delivered to WSP shall be transported over a Type 2A Local/Equal Access Combined Trunk Group or Type 2A Equal Access Trunk Group. This Local/Equal Access Combined Trunk Group or Equal Access Trunk Group will be established for the transmission and routing of all such traffic to be delivered to WSP between IXC's and WSP's End Users via an **SBC-13STATE** Access Tandem or combined local/Access Tandem.

9.2.2 WSP is solely financially responsible for the facilities, termination, muxing, trunk ports and any other equipment used to provide one-way mobile to land Type 2A Local/Equal Access Combined Trunk Group and Type 2A Equal Access Trunk Groups when WSP delivers IXC traffic (other than overflow traffic as referenced in Sections 9.2.3 and 9.2.4) in a mobile to land direction to **SBC-13STATE** Access Tandem or combined local/Access Tandem.

9.2.3 Except for overflow traffic that may be delivered over a Type 1 Trunk Group, WSP will not originate traffic destined to be delivered or routed to an IXC; therefore, no separate Type 2A Equal Access Trunk Group is required, as provided in Section 2.4.1. If the overflow exceeds a DS1's worth of traffic, WSP agrees to establish a Trunk Group outlined in Section 3.4.1.

9.2.4 Overflow IXC traffic that exceeds a DS1 requires a separate Trunk Group employing a Type 2 interface when **SBC-13STATE** is not able to record WSP-originated traffic to an IXC. WSP will also provide to **SBC-13STATE**, using industry standard data record formats, recordings of all calls (both completed calls and attempts) to IXCs from WSP's network using Trunks employing a Type 2A interface. This Equal Access Trunk Group will be established for the transmission and routing of all traffic between 's and IXCs via an **SBC-13STATE** Access Tandem or combined local/Access Tandem. WSP is solely financially responsible for the facilities, termination, muxing, trunk ports and any other equipment used to provide such Equal Access Trunk Groups.

9.3 Traffic Subject to Access Charges

9.3.1 Terminating Switched Access Traffic

9.3.1.1 All Terminating Switched Access Traffic is subject to the rates, terms and conditions set forth in **SBC-13STATE**'s Federal and/or State Access Service tariffs and payable to **SBC-13STATE**. Terminating Switched Access Traffic must be routed over Switched Access Services trunks and facilities purchased from **SBC-13STATE**'s Federal and/or State Access Service tariffs.

9.3.1.2 Terminating Switched Access Traffic shall not be routed at any time over Local Interconnection or Equal Access Trunk Groups. Notwithstanding any other provision of this

Agreement, for all traffic sent over Local Interconnection or Equal Access Trunk Groups determined by the **SBC-13STATE** to be terminating switched access, based on sample data from **SBC-13STATE** network studies, **SBC-13STATE** is authorized to charge, and WSP will pay, the Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA traffic rate stated in Appendix Pricing – Wireless for such traffic retroactively to the Effective Date of this Agreement (however, the Parties do not waive any rights with regard to exchange of traffic prior to the Effective Date).

9.3.2 Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic

9.3.2.1 This traffic is routed over the Local Interconnection Trunks within the LATA.

9.3.2.2 For the purpose of compensation between **SBC-13STATE** and WSP under this Agreement, Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic is subject to the rate stated in Appendix Pricing – Wireless. **SBC-13STATE** shall charge and WSP shall pay the rate stated in Appendix Pricing – Wireless for all Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic terminated to **SBC-13STATE** End Users.

If such traffic cannot be measured on a per MOU basis, a Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic percentage will be applied.

The percentage shall be applied to the total minutes terminated to SBC-ILEC End Users over WSP's Local Interconnection Trunks. As of the Effective Date of this Agreement, the percentage is 5%. The Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA percentage shall remain in effect for the initial term of the Agreement. A new calculation of the percentage of Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA Traffic shall occur no more frequently than once every twenty-four (24) months.

9.3.3 Terminating InterMTA Percentage.

9.3.3.1 WSP represents that, as of the Effective Date, it does not have the technical capability to route Terminating Switched Access Traffic over Switched Access Services trunks and facilities using its equipment. Until such time as WSP has the technical capability to route Terminating Switched Access Traffic over Switched Access Services trunks and facilities using its equipment, this Section 9.3.3 will apply rather than Sections 9.3.1 and 9.3.2, above. When WSP has such technical capability, WSP will order appropriate Switched Access Services trunks and facilities within thirty (30) days, and shall route Terminating Switched Access Traffic over such Switched Access Services trunks as soon as practicable. When Switched Access Traffic is delivered over such Switched Access Services trunks, Sections 9.3.1 and 893.2 shall apply, and this Section 9.3.3 shall be of no force or effect.

9.3.3.2 As of the Effective Date hereof, the Parties cannot accurately measure the amount of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** InterMTA traffic delivered by WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** through the Trunks provided for herein. Accordingly, for purposes of this Agreement, the Parties agree that six percent (6%) of the WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic delivered by WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** through the Trunks provided for herein shall be deemed Terminating Switched Access and Terminating IntraLATA InterMTA traffic (collectively "Terminating InterMTA Traffic"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, should either Party provide to the other Party State-specific, WSP-specific network engineering information, a State-specific, WSP-specific Terminating InterMTA Traffic study, and/or other support in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith) ("Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information"), the Parties shall use such Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information to negotiate in good faith a mutually acceptable percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic delivered by WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** that is deemed Terminating InterMTA Traffic. If such Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information is provided within ninety (90) days after this Agreement is executed by duly authorized representatives of both Parties, then any revised percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic deemed Terminating InterMTA Traffic, which is derived using such Terminating InterMTA Traffic

Information, shall be effective as of the date such Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information was provided to the other Party, but no earlier than the Effective Date of this Agreement; otherwise, such revised percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic deemed Terminating InterMTA traffic, which is derived using such Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information, shall be effective as of the date such Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information was provided in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith) to the other Party. Any revised percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic deemed Terminating InterMTA Traffic that becomes effective during the Initial Term of this Agreement will remain in effect during the Initial Term hereof. After the expiration of the Initial Term, the percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic deemed Terminating InterMTA traffic during the Initial Term shall remain in effect thereafter until either Party provides new Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information to the other Party. In such case, the Parties shall use the new Terminating InterMTA Traffic Information to renegotiate in good faith a new revised percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** deemed Terminating InterMTA Traffic. Renegotiation of the percentage of WSP-to-**SBC-13STATE** traffic deemed Terminating InterMTA Traffic after the Initial Term shall occur no more frequently than once every twenty-four (24) months.

9.3.4 Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic

9.3.4.1 This traffic is routed over the Local Interconnection trunks.

9.3.4.2 For the purpose of compensation between **SBC-13STATE** and WSP under this Section, Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic is subject to the Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic rates stated in Appendix Pricing – Wireless. **SBC-13STATE** is authorized to charge and WSP shall pay the rates stated in Appendix Pricing – Wireless on a per MOU basis for all Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic from **SBC-13STATE** End User. WSP shall not charge and **SBC-13STATE** shall not pay reciprocal compensation for Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic.

9.3.4.3 An Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic percentage will be developed from the Parties' records based on the V & H coordinates of the Cell Site to which the WSP's End User's mobile unit is connected at the beginning of the call. These records will be obtained from the WSP's databases. The percentage will be based on the following formula:

***SBC-13STATE** originated MOU delivered by **SBC-13STATE** to WSP's network that terminate InterMTA divided by all **SBC-13STATE** originated MOU delivered by **SBC-13STATE** to WSP's network.*

Within thirty (30) Days of the execution of this Agreement, the Parties may retain a mutually acceptable third party who shall be allowed to conduct an audit of the Parties' records (to obtain and verify the data necessary for this formula) to be completed within sixty (60) Days of execution of this Agreement. The Parties shall share the costs of the third party audit equally. The Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic percentage shall remain in effect for the initial term of the Agreement. A new audit to determine the percentage of Originating Landline to CMRS Switched Access Traffic shall occur no more frequently than once every twenty-four (24) months. As of the Effective Date of this Agreement, and until such time as the percentage is developed, an interim percentage of 5% will be used.

The percentage shall be applied to the total minutes originated by **SBC-13STATE**'s End Users delivered to WSP's network over WSP's Local Interconnection trunks.

9.4 Both Parties agree to abide by the resolution for OBF Issue 2308- Recording and Signaling Changes Required to Support Billing.

10. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

10.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions; interpretation, construction and severability; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; billing and payment of charges; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnity; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks and service marks; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local Exchange Service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement and civil process; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; no third Party beneficiaries, disclaimer of agency; assignment; subcontracting; environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; End User inquiries; expenses; conflict of interest; survival of obligations, scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

APPENDIX EMERGENCY SERVICE ACCESS (E9-1-1)

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E9-1-1 PRICING EXHIBIT

CELLULAR/PCS EMERGENCY SERVICE ACCESS (E9-1-1)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for E911 Service Access provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC).
- 1.2 Wireless E911 Service Access is a service which enables Carrier's use of **SBC-13STATE** 911 network service elements which **SBC-13STATE** uses in the provision of E911 Universal Emergency Number/ 911 Telecommunications Services, where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider. E911 Authority purchases Universal Emergency Number/911 Telecommunications Service from **SBC-13STATE**. Wireless E911 Service Access makes available to Carrier only the service configuration purchased by the E911 Authority from **SBC-13STATE**. **SBC-13STATE** shall provide Wireless E911 Service Access to Carrier as described in this Appendix, in each area in which (i) Carrier is authorized to provide CMRS and (ii) **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider. The Federal Communications Commission has, in FCC Docket 94-102, ordered that providers of CMRS make available to their end users certain E9-1-1 services, and has established clear and certain deadlines and by which said service must be available. Wireless E911 Service Access is compatible with Carrier's Phase I and Phase II E911 obligations.
- 1.3 **SBC Communications Inc. (SBC)** means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
- 1.4 **SBC-2STATE** - As used herein, **SBC-2STATE** means **SBC CALIFORNIA** and **SBC NEVADA**, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
- 1.5 **SBC-13STATE** - As used herein, **SBC-13STATE** means **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE**, **SBC-2STATE** and **SBC CONNECTICUT** the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.6 **SBC CALIFORNIA** - As used herein, **SBC CALIFORNIA** means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.7 **SBC CONNECTICUT** - As used herein, **SBC CONNECTICUT** means The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.8 **SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE** - As used herein, **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE** means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.9 **SBC NEVADA** - As used herein, **SBC NEVADA** means Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.10 **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE** - As used herein, **SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE** means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.

- 1.11 The prices at which SBC-13STATE agrees to provide Carrier with E911 Service Access is contained in the applicable Appendix Pricing and/or the applicable State Access Services tariff where stated.

2. DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 “**911 Call(s)**” means a call made by an Carrier’s Wireless End User by dialing “911” (and, as necessary, pressing the “Send” or analogous transmitting button) on a Wireless Handset.
- 2.2 “**Alternate PSAP**” means a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) designated to receive calls when the primary PSAP is unable to do so.
- 2.3 “**Automatic Location Identification**” or “**ALI**” means the necessary location data stored in the 911 Selective Routing/ALI Database, which is sufficient to identify the tower and/or face from which a wireless call originates.
- 2.4 “**Automatic Location Identification Database**” or “**ALI Database**” means the emergency service (E911) database containing caller information. Caller information may include, but is not limited to, the carrier name, Call Back Number, and Cell Site/Sector Information.
- 2.5 “**Automatic Number Identification**” or “**ANI**” means a signaling parameter that refers to the number transmitted through a network identifying a pANI. With respect to 911 and E911, “ANI” means a feature by which the pANI is automatically forwarded to the 911 Selective Routing Switch and to the PSAP’s Customer Premise Equipment (CPE) for display.
- 2.6 “**Call Back Number**” means the Mobile Identification Number (MIN) or Mobile Directory Number (MDN), whichever is applicable, of a Carrier’s Wireless End User who has made a 911 Call, which may be used by the PSAP to call back the Carrier’s Wireless End User if a 911 Call is disconnected, to the extent that it is a valid, dialable number.
- 2.7 “**Call path Associated Signaling**” or “**CAS**” means a wireless 9-1-1 solution set that utilizes the voice transmission path to also deliver the Mobile Directory Number (MDN) and the caller’s location to the PSAP.
- 2.8 “**Centralized Automatic Message Accounting (CAMA) Trunk**” means a trunk that uses Multi-Frequency (MF) signaling to transmit calls from the Carrier’s switch to an SBC-13STATE E911 Selective Router.
- 2.9 “**Cell Sector**” means a geographic area defined by Carrier (according to Carrier’s own radio frequency coverage data), and consisting of a certain portion or all of the total coverage area of a Cell Site.
- 2.10 “**Cell Sector Identifier**” means the unique alpha or alpha-numeric designation given to a Cell Sector that identifies that Cell Sector.
- 2.11 “**Cell Site/Sector Information**” means information that indicates to the receiver of the information the Cell Site location receiving a 911 Call made by a Carrier’s Wireless End User, and which may also include additional information regarding a Cell Sector.
- 2.12 “**Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7 Trunk**” or “**CCS/SS7 Trunk** or **SS7 Signaling**” means a trunk that uses Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISUP) signaling to transmit ANI from Carrier’s switch to an SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Routing Tandem.
- 2.13 “**Company Identifier**” or “**Company ID**” means a three to five (3 to 5) character identifier chosen by the Carrier that distinguishes the entity providing dial tone to the End User. The Company ID is maintained by NENA in a nationally accessible database.
- 2.14 “**Database Management System**” or “**DBMS**” means a system of manual procedures and computer programs used to create, store and update the data required to provide Selective Routing and/or ALI for 911 systems.
- 2.15 “**Designated PSAP**” means the PSAP designated to receive a 911 Call based upon the geographic location of the Cell Site. A “Default PSAP” is the PSAP designated to receive a 911 Call in the event the

Selective Router is unable to determine the Designated PSAP. The "Alternate PSAP" is the PSAP that may receive a 911 Call in the event the Designated PSAP is unable to receive the 911 call.

- 2.16 "**E911 Authority**" means a municipality or other State or Local government unit, or an authorized agent of one or more municipalities or other State or Local government units to whom authority has been lawfully as the administrative entity to manage a public emergency telephone system for emergency police, fire, and emergency medical services through the use of one telephone number, 911.
- 2.17 "**E911 Service**" means the functionality to route wireless 911 calls and the associated caller and/or location data of the wireless end user to the appropriate Public Safety Answering Point.
- 2.18 "**E911 Trunk**" means one-way terminating circuits which provide a trunk-side connection between Carrier's MSC and SBC-13STATE 911 Tandem equipped to provide access to 911 services as technically defined in Telcordia Technical Reference GR145-CORE.
- 2.19 "**E911 Universal Emergency Number Service**" (also referred to as "Expanded 911 Service" or "Enhanced 911 Service") or "**E911 Service**" means a telephone exchange communications service whereby a PSAP answers telephone calls placed by dialing the number 911. E911 includes the service provided by the lines and equipment associated with the service arrangement for the answering, transferring, and dispatching of public emergency telephone calls dialed to 911. E911 provides completion of a call to 911 via dedicated trunks and includes ANI, ALI, and/or Selective Routing (SR).
- 2.20 "**Emergency Services**" means police, fire, ambulance, rescue, and medical services.
- 2.21 "**Emergency Service Routing Digits**" or "**ESRD**" is a digit string that uniquely identifies a base station, Cell Site, or sector that may be used to route emergency calls through the network in other than an NCAS environment.
- 2.22 "**Emergency Service Routing Key**" or "**ESRK**" is a 10 digit routable, but not necessarily dialable, number that is used not only for routing but also as a correlator, or key, for the mating of data that is provided to the PSAP (a.k.a. 911 Center) by different paths, such as via the voice path and ALI data path in an NCAS environment.
- 2.23 "**Hybrid CAS**" means a wireless 9-1-1 solution set that utilizes one transmission path to deliver the voice and Mobile Directory Number (MDN) to the PSAP and a separate transmission path to deliver the callers location information to the PSAP.
- 2.24 "**Meet Point**" means the demarcation between the SBC-13STATE network and the Carrier network.
- 2.25 "**Mobile Directory Number**" or "**MDN**" means a 10-digit dialable directory number used to call a Wireless Handset.
- 2.26 "**Mobile Identification Number**" or "**MIN**" means a 10-digit number assigned to and stored in a Wireless Handset.
- 2.27 "**National Emergency Number Association**" or "**NENA**" means the not-for-profit corporation established in 1982 to further the goal of "One Nation-One Number". NENA is a networking source and promotes research, planning, and training. NENA strives to educate, set standards and provide certification programs, legislative representation and technical assistance for implementing and managing 911 systems.
- 2.28 "**Non-Call path Associated Signaling**" or "**NCAS**" means a wireless 9-1-1 solution set that utilizes one transmission path to deliver the voice and a separate transmission path to deliver the Mobile Directory Number and the caller's location to the PSAP.
- 2.29 "**Phase I**" – as defined in CC Docket 94-102. Phase I data includes the Call Back Number and the associated 911 ALI.
- 2.30 "**Phase II**" – as defined in CC Docket 94-102. Phase II data includes XY coordinates, confidence factor and certainty.

- 2.31 **“Public Safety Answering Point” or “PSAP”** means an answering location for 911 calls originating in a given area. The E911 Authority may designate a PSAP as primary or secondary, which refers to the order in which calls are directed for answering. Primary PSAPs answer calls; secondary PSAPs receive calls on a transfer basis. PSAPs are public safety agencies such as police, fire, emergency medical, etc., or a common bureau serving a group of such entities.
- 2.32 **“Pseudo Automatic Number Identification (pANI)”** is a 10-digit telephone number used to support routing of wireless 911 calls. It is used to identify the Cell Site and/or cell sector from which the call originates, and is used to link the ALI record with the caller’s MDN.
- 2.33 **“Selective Routing” or “SR”** means an E911 feature that routes an E911 call from a 911 Selective Routing Switch to the Designated or Primary PSAP based upon the pANI associated with the originating Cell Site and/or Cell Sector.
- 2.34 **“Shell Record”** means a partial ALI record which requires a dynamic update of the ESRK, Call Back Number, Cell Site and Sector Information for a Phase I deployment, and XY location data for a Phase II deployment. The dynamic update requires input from the wireless carrier’s network prior to updating the ALI record and forwarding to the appropriate PSAP.
- 2.35 **“Wireless Handset”** means the wireless equipment used by a wireless end user to originate wireless calls or to receive wireless calls.

3. **SBC-13STATE RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 3.1 **SBC-13STATE** shall provide and maintain such equipment at the E911 SR and the DBMS as is necessary to perform the E911 Services set forth herein when **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider. **SBC-13STATE** shall provide 911 Service to Carrier in areas where Carrier is licensed to provide service and **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider. This shall include the following:
- 3.2 **Call Routing**
 - 3.2.1 Where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider, Carrier will transport 911 calls from each Carrier MSC to the SR office of the E911 system.
 - 3.2.2 **SBC-13STATE** will switch 911 calls through the SR to the Designated Primary PSAP or to designated alternate locations, according to routing criteria specified by the PSAP. Alternate PSAPs not subscribing to the appropriate wireless service shall not receive all features associated with the primary wireless PSAP.

Where **SBC-13STATE** is the ALI Database Provider, in a Phase I application, **SBC-13STATE** will forward the Phase I data as provided by the Carrier and in a Phase II application, **SBC-13STATE** will forward the Phase I and Phase II data as provided by the Carrier.

- 3.3 **Facilities and Trunking**
 - 3.3.1 **SBC-13STATE** shall provide and maintain sufficient dedicated E911 circuits from **SBC-13STATE**’s SR’s to the PSAP, according to provisions of the applicable State tariff and documented specifications of the E911 Authority.
 - 3.3.2 After receiving Carrier’s order, **SBC-13STATE** will provide, and Carrier agrees to pay for, transport facilities required for 911 trunk termination. Except as provided in Section 8.1, transport facilities shall be governed by the applicable **SBC-13STATE** Access Services tariff. Additionally, when Carrier requests diverse facilities, **SBC-13STATE** will provide such diversity where technically feasible, at standard tariff rates.
 - 3.3.3 **SBC-13STATE** and Carrier will cooperate to promptly test all trunks and facilities between Carrier’s network and the **SBC-13STATE** SR(s).
 - 3.3.4 **SBC-13STATE** will be responsible for the coordination and restoration of all 911 network maintenance problems to Carrier’s facility Meet Point.

3.4 Database

- 3.4.1 Where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider and Carrier deploys a CAS or Hybrid-CAS Solution utilizing **SBC-13STATE** E911 DBMS:
- 3.4.1.1 **SBC-13STATE** shall store the Carriers ALI records in the electronic data processing database for the E911 DBMS.
 - 3.4.1.2 **SBC-13STATE** shall coordinate access to the **SBC-13STATE** E911 DBMS for the initial loading and updating of Carrier ALI records.
 - 3.4.1.3 **SBC-13STATE**'s ALI database shall accept electronically transmitted files that are based upon NENA standards.
 - 3.4.1.4 **SBC-13STATE** will submit Carrier's ALI records in the E911 DBMS. **SBC-13STATE** will then provide Carrier an error and status report. This report will be provided in accordance with the methods and procedures described in the documentation to be provided to the Carrier by **SBC-13STATE**.
 - 3.4.1.5 **SBC-13STATE** shall provide the necessary Master Street Address Guide (MSAG) and monthly updates of said MSAG to Carrier, upon receipt of the initial MSAG from the appropriate E911 Authority. MSAG shall contain information associated with Wireless E911 Service to allow the upload of database records to support the deployment of a CAS or Hybrid CAS solution.
- 3.4.2 Where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider, and Carrier deploys an NCAS solution:
- 3.4.2.1 Carriers designated third-party provider shall perform the above database functions.
 - 3.4.2.2 **SBC-13STATE** will provide a copy of the static MSAG received from the appropriate E911 Authority, to be utilized for the development of Shell ALI Records.

4. CARRIER RESPONSIBILITIES

4.1 Call Routing

- 4.1.1 Where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 network service provider, Carrier will route 911 calls from Carrier's MSC to the **SBC-13STATE** SR office of the E911 system.
- 4.1.2 Depending upon the network service configuration, Carrier will forward the ESRD and the MDN of the party calling 911 or the ESRK associated with the specific Cell Site and sector to the **SBC-13STATE** 911 SR.

4.2 Facilities and Trunking

- 4.2.1 Where specified by the E911 Authority, Carrier shall provide or order from **SBC-13STATE**, transport and trunk termination to each **SBC-13STATE** 911 SR that serves the areas in which Carrier is licensed to and will provide CMRS service. To place an order, Carrier shall submit the appropriate **SBC-13STATE** Region specific form. Such form shall not conflict with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 4.2.2 Carrier acknowledges that its End Users in a single local calling scope may be served by different SRs and Carrier shall be responsible for providing facilities to route 911 calls from its End Users to the proper E911 SR.
- 4.2.3 Carrier shall provide a minimum of two (2) one-way outgoing trunk(s) dedicated for originating 911 Emergency Service calls from the Carrier's MSC to each **SBC-13STATE** 911 Selective Router, where applicable. Where SS7 connectivity is available and required by the applicable PSAP, the Parties agree to implement CCS/SS7 trunks rather than CAMA (MF) trunks.
- 4.2.4 Carrier is responsible for appropriate diverse facilities if required by applicable State Commission rules and regulations or if required by other governmental, municipal, or regulatory authority with jurisdiction over 911 services.

- 4.2.5 Carrier shall engineer its 911 trunks to maintain a minimum P.01 grade of service as specified by NENA standards.
 - 4.2.6 In order to implement Phase II E911 Service, Carrier is responsible for ordering a 56K or 64K frame relay or fractional T-1 circuit ("Data Circuit") from Carrier's MSC to the appropriate **SBC-13STATE** ALI server where **SBC-13STATE** is the designated ALI Database Provider. Such Data Circuit may be ordered from **SBC-13STATE** affiliate or vendor of Carrier's choice.
 - 4.2.7 Carrier shall monitor its 911 circuits for the purpose of determining originating network traffic volumes. If Carrier's traffic study indicates that additional circuits are needed to meet the current level of 911 call volumes, Carrier shall request additional circuits from **SBC-13STATE**.
 - 4.2.8 Carrier will cooperate with **SBC-13STATE** to promptly test all 911 trunks and facilities between Carrier's network and the **SBC-13STATE** 911 Selective Router(s) to assure proper functioning of 911 service. Carrier agrees that it will not pass live 911 traffic until both parties complete successful testing.
 - 4.2.9 Carrier is responsible for the isolation, coordination and restoration of all 911 network maintenance problems to Carrier's facility Meet Point. Carrier is responsible for advising **SBC-13STATE** of the circuit identification and the fact that the circuit is a 911 circuit when notifying **SBC-13STATE** of a failure or outage. The Parties agree to work cooperatively and expeditiously to resolve any 911 outage. **SBC-13STATE** will refer network trouble to Carrier if no defect is found in **SBC-13STATE**'s 911 network. The Parties agree that 911 network problem resolution will be managed expeditiously at all times.
- 4.3 Database
- 4.3.1 Where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider, and Carrier deploys a CAS or Hybrid CAS Solution utilizing **SBC-13STATE** E911 DBMS:
 - 4.3.1.1 Carrier or its representatives shall be responsible for providing Carrier's ALI Records to **SBC-13STATE**, for inclusion in **SBC-13STATE**'s DBMS on a timely basis, once E911 trunking has been established and tested between Carrier's MSC and all appropriate SRs.
 - 4.3.1.2 Carrier or its agent shall provide initial and ongoing updates of Carrier's ALI Records that are in electronic format based upon established NENA standards.
 - 4.3.1.3 Carrier shall adopt use of a Company ID on all Carrier ALI Records in accordance with NENA standards. The Company ID is used to identify the tone provider.
 - 4.3.1.4 Carrier is responsible for providing updates to **SBC-13STATE** ALI database; in addition, Carrier is responsible for correcting any errors that may occur during the entry of their data as reflected on the status and error report.
 - 4.3.2 Where **SBC-13STATE** is the 911 service provider, and Carrier deploys an NCAS solution:
 - 4.3.2.1 Carrier's designated third-party provider shall perform the above database functions.
 - 4.3.2.2 Carrier's designated third party shall be responsible for ensuring Carrier's Shell Records for ALI are submitted to **SBC-13STATE**, for inclusion in **SBC-13STATE**'s DBMS, on a timely basis, once E911 trunking has been established and tested between Carrier's MSC and all appropriate SRs.
 - 4.3.2.3 Carrier's third-party provider shall provide initial and ongoing updates of Carrier's Shell Records for ALI that are in electronic format based upon established NENA standards.
- 4.4 Other
- 4.4.1 Carrier is responsible for collecting from its End Users and remitting to the appropriate municipality or other governmental entity any applicable 911 surcharges assessed on the wireless service provider and/or End Users by any municipality or other governmental entity within whose boundaries the Carrier provides CMRS.

4.4.2 In the event that there is a valid E911 Phase II PSAP request, Carrier shall notify SBC-13STATE Industry Markets 911 Account Manager at least five (5) months prior to Carrier's proposed Phase II implementation state.

5. RESPONSIBILITIES OF BOTH PARTIES

5.1 The Parties shall jointly coordinate the provisioning of transport capacity sufficient to route originating 911 calls from the Carrier's MSC to the designated SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Router(s).

6. METHODS AND PRACTICES

6.1 With respect to all matters covered by this Appendix, each Party will comply with all of the following to the extent that they apply to E911 Service: (i) all FCC and applicable State Commission rules and regulations, (ii) any requirements imposed by any Governmental Authority other than a Commission, (iii) the terms and conditions of SBC-13STATE's applicable State Access Services tariff(s) and (iv) the principles expressed in the recommended standards published by NENA.

7. CONTINGENCY

7.1 The terms and conditions of this Appendix represent a negotiated plan for providing E911 Service.

7.2 The Parties agree that the E911 Service is provided for the use of the E911 Authority, and recognize the authority of the E911 Authority to establish service specifications and grant final approval (or denial) of service configurations offered by SBC-13STATE and Carrier.

8. BASIS OF COMPENSATION

8.1 Carrier shall compensate SBC-13STATE for the elements described in the Pricing Exhibit at the rates set forth in the Pricing Exhibit on a going forward basis. There shall be no true up or price adjustments for process charged for wireless 911 implementations accomplished via prior agreement or tariff prior to the effective date of this Appendix. The prices shall be considered interim in the States of Arkansas, Connecticut, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas until a tariff in the State in question has become effective for such elements. In addition, the Parties acknowledge that the interim rates set forth in the Appendix are based on the pricing methodology set forth in the *Letter from Thomas J. Sugrue, Chief Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, FCC to Marlys R. Davis, E-911 Program Manager, King County E-911 Program Office, dated October 31, 2001 ("King County Letter"* and affirmed in *The Order on Reconsideration In the matter of Revision of the Commission's Rules To Ensure Compatibility with Enhanced 911 Emergency Calling Systems Request of King County, Washington (FCC 02-146)*. In the event that the final pricing methodology that is adopted in a particular State differs from the *King County Letter* methodology, the Parties agree to true up or true down the rates charged and amounts paid back to September 1, 2002. Except as set forth above, in the event SBC-13STATE files a new or revised tariff after the effective date of this Appendix ("New Tariff") containing rates for one or more of the elements described in the Pricing Exhibit that vary from rates contained in a prior approved tariff or the rates specified in the Pricing Exhibit, or if such New Tariff contains additional or different elements, when the rates or elements in the New Tariff become effective, such rates or elements shall apply to the corresponding elements on a going forward basis from the date the rates in the New Tariff become effective. Finally, the failure of the Pricing Exhibit to list charges for the Data Circuit does not negate any such charges for the Data Circuit, should Carrier elect to purchase such circuit from an SBC-13STATE affiliate.

8.2 Charges for E911 Service shall begin once the trunks and facilities are installed and successfully tested between Carrier's network and SBC-13STATE SR(s).

9. LIABILITY

9.1 SBC-13STATE's liability and potential damages, if any, for its gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct, is not limited by any provision of this Appendix. SBC-13STATE shall not be liable to Carrier, its End Users or its E911 calling parties or any other parties or persons for any Loss arising out of the

provision of E911 Service or any errors, interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of E911 Service, including any and all equipment and data processing systems associated therewith. Damages arising out of such interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of the system after SBC-13STATE has been notified and has had reasonable time to repair, shall in no event exceed an amount equivalent to any charges made for the service affected for the period following notice from Carrier until service is restored.

- 9.2 Carrier's liability and potential damages, if any, for its gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct is not limited by any provision of this Appendix. In the event Carrier provides E911 Service to SBC-13STATE, Carrier shall not be liable to SBC-13STATE, its End Users or its E911 calling parties or any other parties or persons for any Loss arising out of the provision of E911 Service or any errors, interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of E911 Service, including any and all equipment and data processing systems associated therewith. Damages arising out of such interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of the system after Carrier has been notified and has had reasonable time to repair, shall in no event exceed an amount equivalent to any charges made for the service affected for the period following notice from SBC-13STATE until service is restored.
- 9.3 Carrier agrees to release, indemnify, defend and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any and all Loss arising out of SBC-13STATE's provision of E911 Service hereunder or out of Carrier's End Users' use of the E911 Service, whether suffered, made, instituted or asserted by Carrier, its End Users, or by any other parties or persons, for any personal injury or death of any person or persons, or for any loss, damage or destruction of any property, whether owned by Carrier, its End Users or others, unless the act or omission proximately causing the Loss constitutes gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of SBC-13STATE.
- 9.4 Carrier also agrees to release, indemnify, defend and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any and all Loss involving an allegation of the infringement or invasion of the right of privacy or confidentiality of any person or persons, caused or claimed to have been caused, directly or indirectly, by the installation, operation, failure to operate, maintenance, removal, presence, condition, occasion or use of the E911 Service features and the equipment associated therewith, including by not limited to the identification of the telephone number, address or name associated with the telephone used by the party or parties accessing E911 Service provided hereunder, unless the act or omission proximately causing the Loss constitutes the gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of SBC-13STATE.

10. MUTUALITY

- 10.1 Carrier agrees that to the extent it offers the type of services covered by this Appendix to any company, that should SBC-13STATE request such services, Carrier will provide such services to SBC-13STATE under terms and conditions comparable to the terms and conditions contained in this Appendix.

11. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 11.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions; interpretation, construction and severability; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; billing and payment of charges; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnity; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks and service marks; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local Exchange Service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement and civil process; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; no third Party beneficiaries, disclaimer of agency; assignment; subcontracting; environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; End User inquiries; expenses; conflict of interest; survival of obligations, scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

PRICING EXHIBIT

1.0 SBC-2STATE CELLULAR/PCS E9-1-1:

1.2 CALIFORNIA

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 26.00

Non-Recurring \$ 741.00

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

2.0 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE CELLULAR/PCS E9-1-1:

2.1 ILLINOIS

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 19.99

Non-Recurring \$ 610.45

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

2.2 INDIANA

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 26.64

Non-Recurring \$ 770.97

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

2.3 MICHIGAN

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 19.81

Non-Recurring \$ 496.18

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

2.4 OHIO

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 28.72

Non-Recurring \$ 436.62

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

2.5 WISCONSIN

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 26.29

Non-Recurring \$ 737.59
Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

3.0 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE CELLULAR E9-1-1:

3.2 KANSAS

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 22.86
Non-Recurring \$ 312.00

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

3.3 MISSOURI

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 58.00
Non-Recurring \$ 170.00

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

3.4 OKLAHOMA

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 33.22
Non-Recurring \$ 110.00

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

3.5 TEXAS

Trunk Charge per Trunk:

Monthly \$ 39.00
Non-Recurring \$ 165.00

Facility rates can be found in the State Special Access Tariff.

**APPENDIX
RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION
CELLULAR/PCS**

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APPENDIX RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION

1. APPENDIX SCOPE AND TERM

1.1 This Appendix sets forth the rates, terms and conditions for Reciprocal Compensation of wireless telecommunications traffic between SBC-13STATE and WSP, but only to the extent they are interconnected and exchanging calls pursuant to a fully executed, underlying Cellular/PCS Interconnection Agreement (the "Agreement") approved by the applicable state or federal regulatory agency for telecommunications traffic in this state.

2. COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL AUTHORIZED SERVICES INTERCONNECTION – RECIP COMP

2.1 Compensation rates for Interconnection are contained in Appendix - Pricing (Wireless).

2.2 Compensation for Local Calls Transport and Termination. Subject to the limitations set forth below in Section 2.3, SBC-13STATE shall compensate WSP for the transport and termination of Local Calls originating on SBC-13STATE's network and terminating on WSP's network. WSP shall compensate SBC-13STATE for the transport and termination of Local Calls originating on WSP's network and terminating on SBC-13STATE's network. The rates for this reciprocal compensation are set forth in Appendix Pricing (Wireless).

2.3 Traffic Not Subject to Reciprocal Compensation

2.3.1 Exclusions. Reciprocal compensation shall apply solely to the transport and termination of Local Calls, which shall not include, without limitation, the following:

2.3.1.1 Non-CMRS traffic (traffic that is not intended to originate or terminate to a mobile station using CMRS frequency);

2.3.1.2 Toll-free calls (e.g., 800/888), Information Services Traffic, 500 and 700 calls;

2.3.1.3 Transit Traffic;

2.3.1.4 Paging Traffic;

2.3.1.5 InterMTA Traffic;

2.3.1.6 Any other type of traffic found to be exempt from reciprocal compensation by the FCC or the Commission.

3. CLASSIFICATION OF TRAFFIC

3.1 Telecommunications traffic exchanged between SBC-13STATE and WSP pursuant to this agreement will be classified as either Local Calls, Transit Traffic, or InterMTA Traffic.

3.2 The Parties agree that ISP traffic between them in the mobile-to-land direction, if any, is presently *de minimis*; however, should such intercarrier ISP traffic become greater than *de minimis*, it will be treated for compensation purposes at the same rate and rate structure as Local Calls. No additional or separate measurement or tracking of ISP bound traffic shall be necessary. The Parties agree there is no ISP traffic exchanged between them in the land-to-mobile direction subject to this Agreement.

3.3 Billing For Mutual Compensation

3.3.1 Each Party will record its terminating minutes of use for all intercompany calls. Each Party will perform the necessary call recording and rating for calls, and shall be responsible for billing and collection, from its End Users. Except as specifically provided herein, each Party shall use procedures that record and measure actual usage for purposes of providing invoices to the other Party.

3.3.2 The Parties recognize that WSP may not have the technical systems to measure actual usage and bill SBC-13STATE pursuant to this Agreement. To the extent WSP does not have the ability to

measure and bill the actual amount of SBC-13STATE-to-WSP traffic that is Local Calls Traffic ("Land-to-Mobile Local Calls Traffic"), and in the event SBC-13STATE also does not record the actual amount of such Land to Mobile Local Calls Traffic, WSP shall bill SBC-13STATE the charges due as calculated and described in Sections 3.3.3 and 3.3.4 below.

- 3.3.3 When Section 3.3.2 applies, the Parties agree to use a surrogate billing factor to determine the amount of Land-to-Mobile Local Calls Traffic. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the surrogate billing factor shall be deemed to be equal to the SBC-13STATE Shared Facility Factor, stated in Appendix-Pricing (Wireless). When using the surrogate billing method instead of recording actual usage, the amount Land-to-Mobile Local Calls Traffic Conversation MOUs shall be deemed to be equal to the product of (i) the WSP-to-SBC-13STATE (mobile-to-land) Conversation MOU for Local Calls (based on SBC-13STATE's monthly bill to WSP) divided by the difference of one (1.0) minus the SBC-13STATE Shared Facility Factor, (times) (ii) the SBC-13STATE Shared Facility Factor. When using the surrogate billing method, WSP shall bill SBC-13STATE the charges due under this Section 3.3 based solely on the calculation contained in the preceding sentence.

EXAMPLE

Land-to-Mobile Local Calls Traffic

Conversion MOUs = [mobile-to-land local MOU's / (1 - SBC-13STATE Shared Facility Factor)]*
SBC-13STATE Shared Facility Factor

Mobile-to-land MOU = 15,000

SBC-13STATE Shared Facility Factor = .20

Land-to-Mobile Local MOU = [15,000/(1-.20)]*.20
=3,750 MOUs

- 3.3.4 When WSP uses the surrogate billing factor billing method set forth above, WSP shall itemize on each of its bills the corresponding SBC-13STATE billing account numbers, by LATA and by state, for Land-to-Mobile Local Calls Traffic Conversation MOUs to which the surrogate billing factor is applied. All adjustment factors and resultant adjusted amounts shall be shown for each line item, including as applicable, but not limited to, the surrogate billing factor as provided in this Section 3.3, the blended call set-up and duration factors (if applicable), the adjusted call set-up and duration amounts (if applicable), the appropriate rate, amounts, etc.
- 3.3.5 Except as provided in this Section 3.3, see Section 5 of the General Terms and Conditions for billing requirements.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 4.1 Each Party to this Appendix will be responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the respective Parties involved.
- 4.2 Where SS7 connections exist, each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other's network, where available, the original and true Calling Party Number (CPN).
- 4.3 If one Party is passing CPN but the other Party is not properly receiving information, the Parties will work cooperatively to correct the problem.

5. Transiting Service - Compensation

- 5.1 Transiting Service will be provided by SBC-13STATE. SBC-13STATE's Transiting Service allows WSP (a) to send traffic to a Third Party network through SBC-13STATE's Tandem Switch and (b) to receive traffic from a Third Party network through SBC-13STATE's Tandem Switch. A Transiting Service rate applies to all Conversation MOU between WSP's network and a Third Party's network for Transit Traffic that transits SBC-13STATE's network. WSP is responsible for payment of the appropriate SBC-13STATE Transiting Service rates on Transit Traffic originating on its network delivered to SBC-13STATE. SBC-13STATE's Transiting Service rate is only applicable when calls do not originate with (or terminate to) SBC-13STATE's

End User. The rates that SBC-13STATE shall charge for Transiting Service are specified in Appendix – Pricing (Wireless). WSP shall deliver traffic to be handled by SBC-13STATE's Transiting Service to SBC-13STATE's Tandem Switch(es).

5.2 Billing. Each Party shall separately list on its bill to the other Party for reciprocal compensation the Conversation MOU representing Transit Traffic. If WSP does not record and identify the actual amount of Transit Traffic delivered to it through SBC-13STATE's Transiting Service, then WSP shall deduct from the amount of total Conversation MOU on its bill to SBC-13STATE (for reciprocal compensation) a percentage that is equal to the percentage that Transit Traffic minutes bear to the total billed Conversation MOU on SBC-13STATE's bill to WSP (for reciprocal compensation) for the same time period. This adjustment will account for Transit Traffic delivered to WSP by SBC-13STATE.

5.2.1 Non-Transit Traffic. WSP shall not route over the Interconnection Trunks provided herein terminating traffic from an IXC destined for an SBC-13STATE End Office Switch. WSP shall not deliver traffic to SBC-13STATE under this Agreement from a non-CMRS Telecommunications Carrier.

5.3 Third Party Arrangements. WSP shall establish separate interconnection and billing arrangements directly with any Third Party Telecommunications Carrier. Except as specifically provided in this Agreement, unless WSP does so pursuant to separate agreement or tariff, WSP is not authorized to send Third Party Traffic through the SBC-13STATE network, and doing so shall be a material breach of this Agreement. In the event that WSP does send unauthorized Third Party Traffic through SBC-13STATE's network to a Third Party Telecommunications Carrier with whom WSP does not have a traffic interchange agreement, and such Third Party Telecommunications Carrier makes a Claim against SBC-13STATE for compensation or damages for cessation of delivery of such traffic, WSP will indemnify SBC-13STATE for any termination charges and damages SBC-13STATE may subsequently be ordered by a regulatory agency or court to pay such Third Party Telecommunications Carrier, and for any litigation, billing and collection costs, and attorneys' fees Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting WSP from directly delivering traffic to SBC-13STATE's UNE-P Telecommunications Carrier customers.

5.4 Indirect Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if either Party originates traffic destined for termination to the other Party, but delivers that traffic to the other Party through another Telecommunications Carrier, the terminating Party shall be entitled to charge transport and termination rates as set forth in Appendix – Pricing (Wireless) to the originating party. The originating Party shall also be responsible for paying any Transiting Service charges, if any, charged by the other Telecommunications Carrier.

5.5 Toll Pool/Designated Carrier. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, when SBC-13STATE is the primary toll carrier for an independent LEC in the State and such independent LEC originates a call that terminates on WSP's network, WSP will bill, and SBC-13STATE will pay, compensation to WSP for toll traffic originating from such independent LEC and terminating on WSP's network as though the traffic originated on SBC-13STATE's network.

6. ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

6.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions; interpretation, construction and severability; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; billing and payment of charges; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnity; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and

use of trademarks and service marks; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local Exchange Service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement and civil process; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; no third Party beneficiaries, disclaimer of agency; assignment; subcontracting; environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; End User inquiries; expenses; conflict of interest; survival of obligations, scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

- 6.2 Entire Agreement. This Reciprocal Compensation Appendix is intended to be read in conjunction with the underlying Interconnection Agreement between **SBC-13STATE** and WSP, but that as to the reciprocal compensation rates, terms and conditions, this Appendix constitutes the entire Agreement between the Parties on these issues, and there are no other oral agreements or understandings between them on reciprocal compensation that are not incorporated into this Appendix.